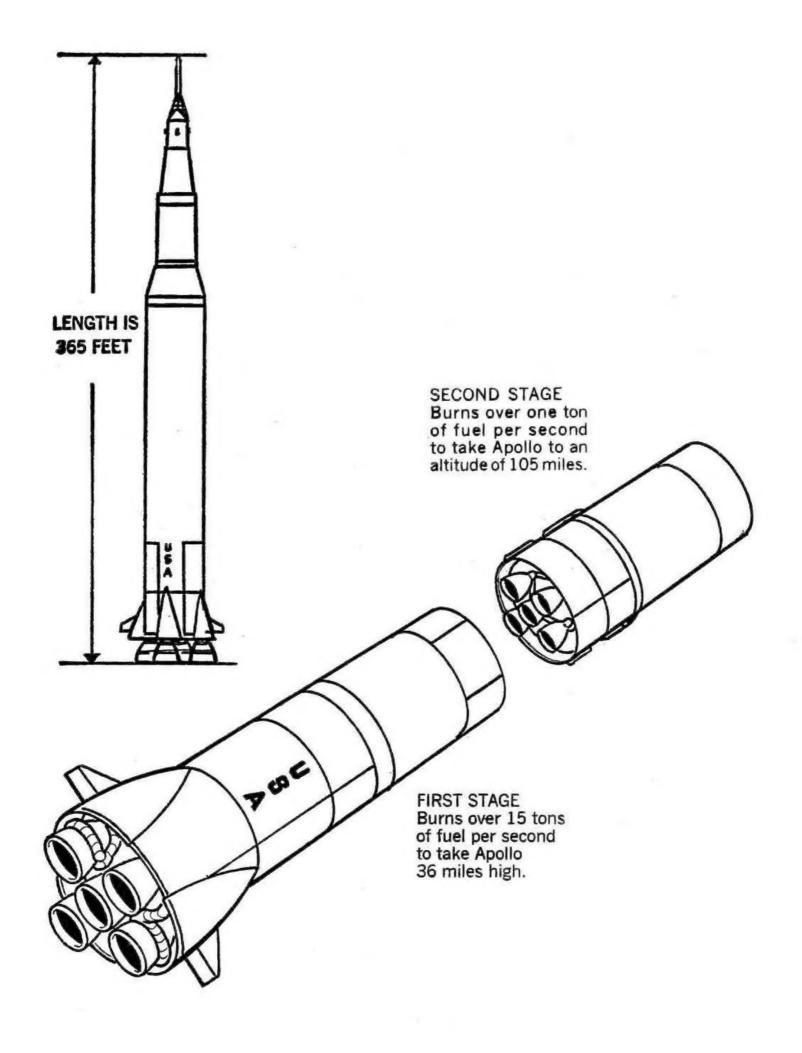
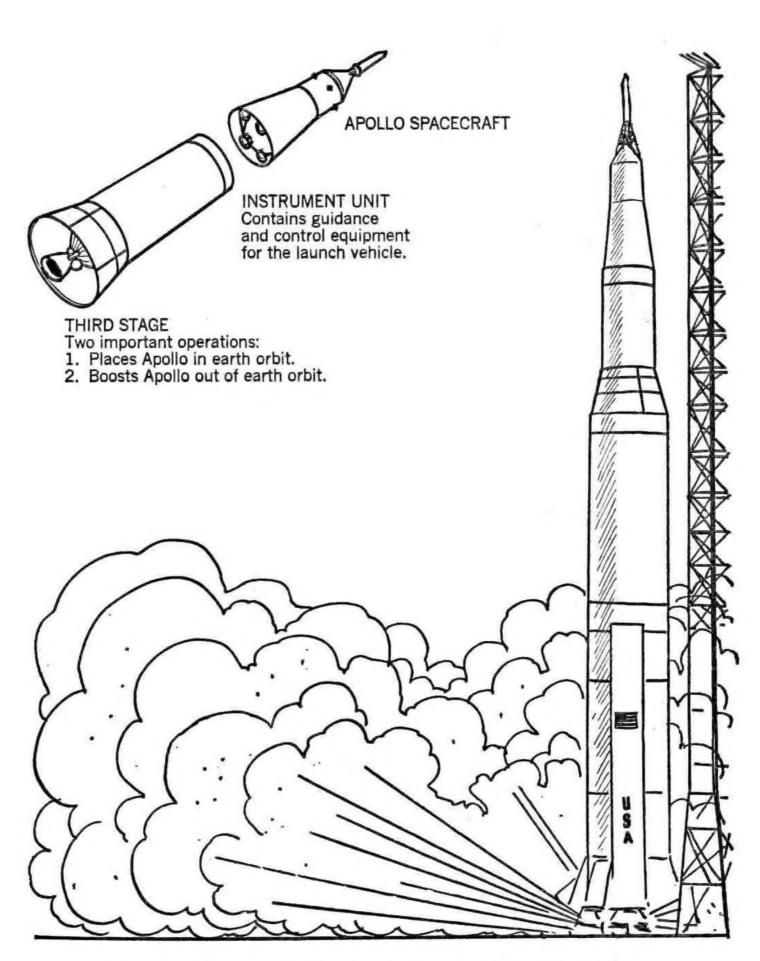
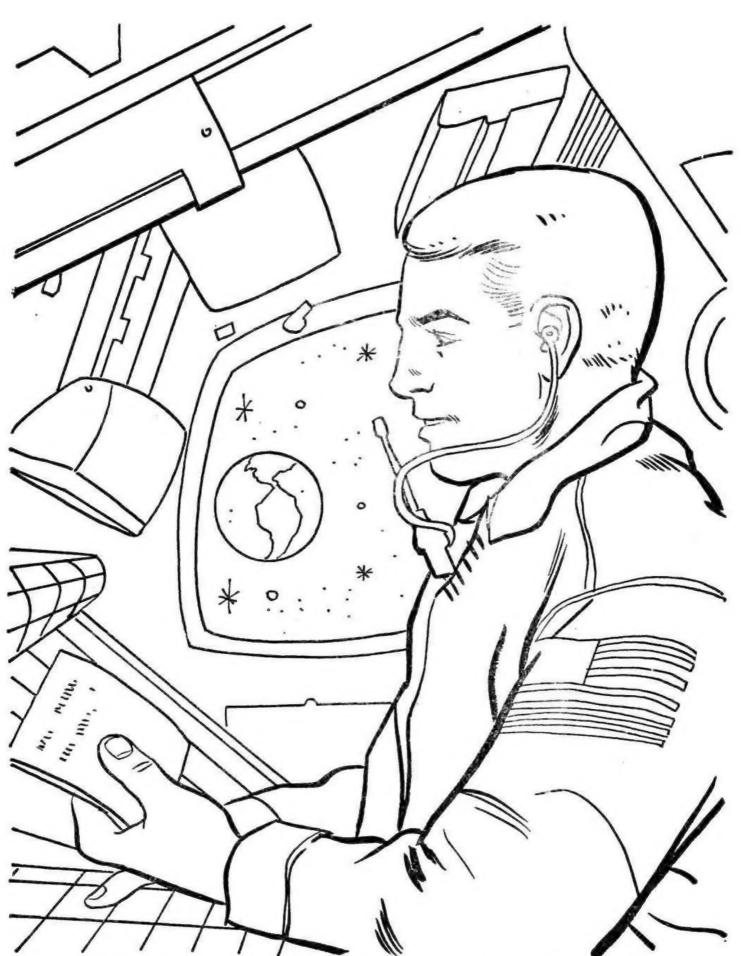


Two men land on the moon in the LEM, the lunar module.

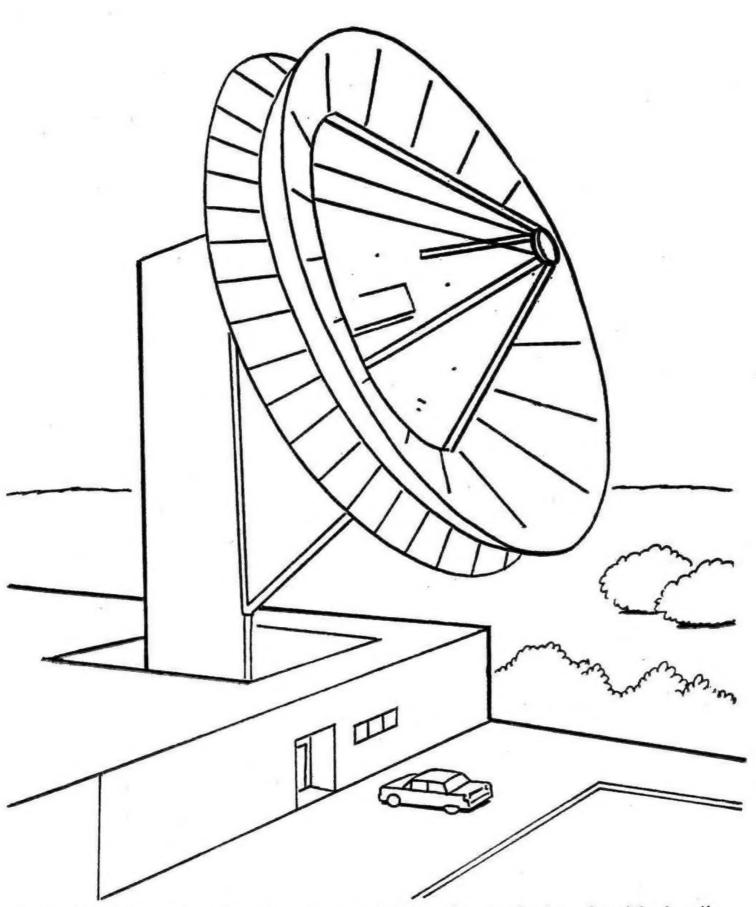




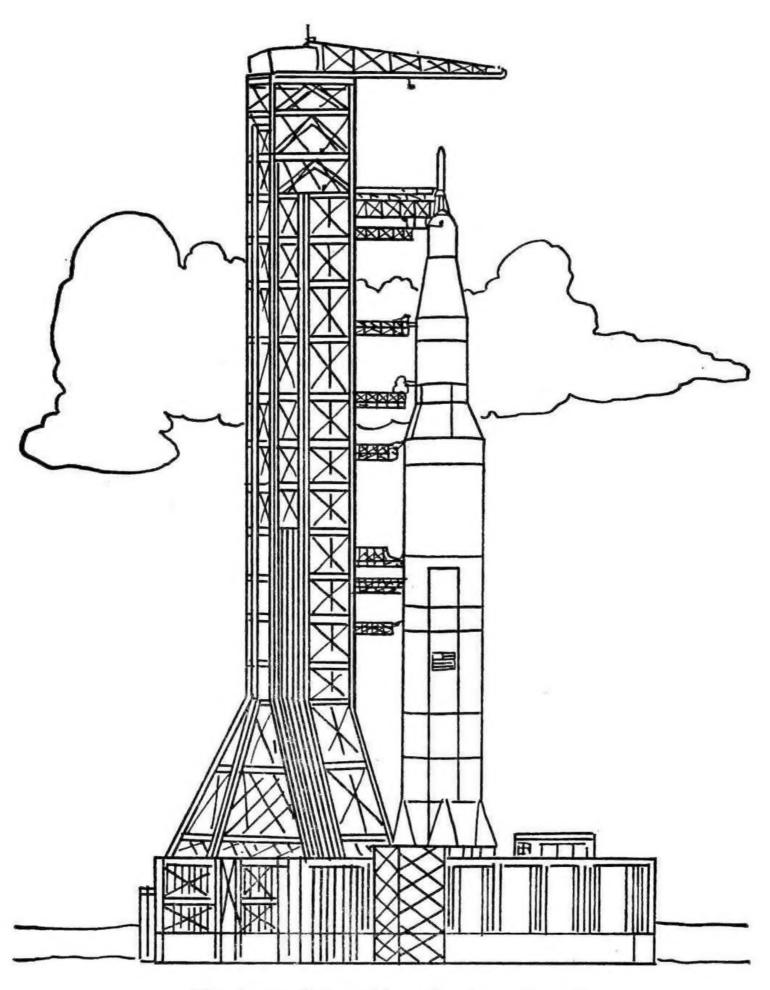
The Saturn V is the largest launch vehicle in the world.



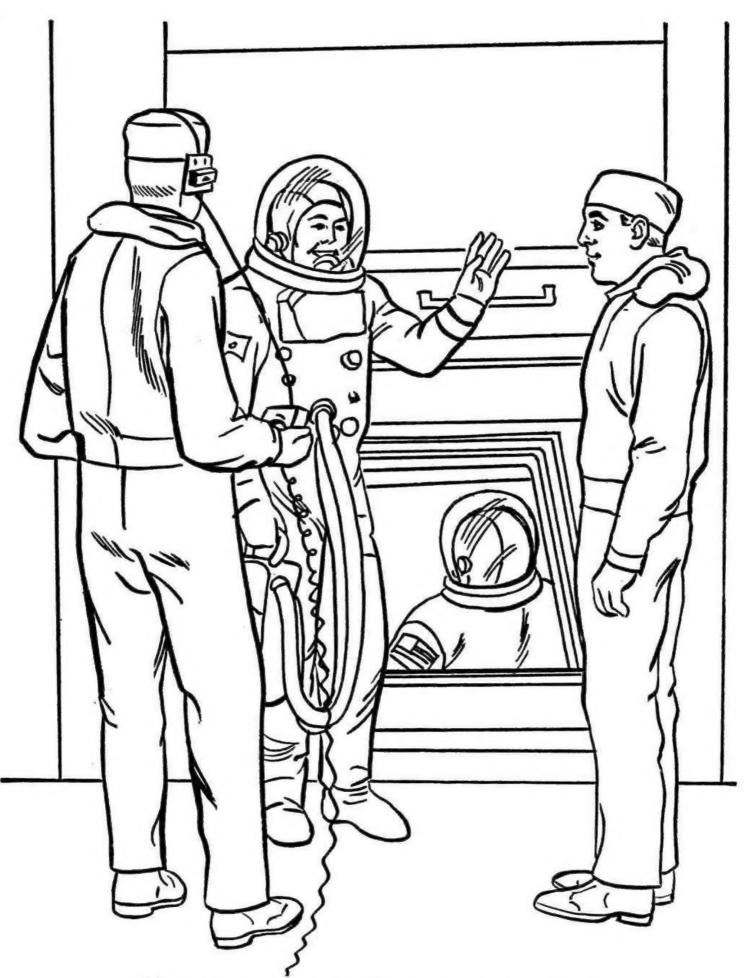
The astronauts work in "shirt sleeves" on the way to the moon.



A world-wide network of tracking stations keeps in touch with Apollo.



The huge Saturn V on the launch pad.



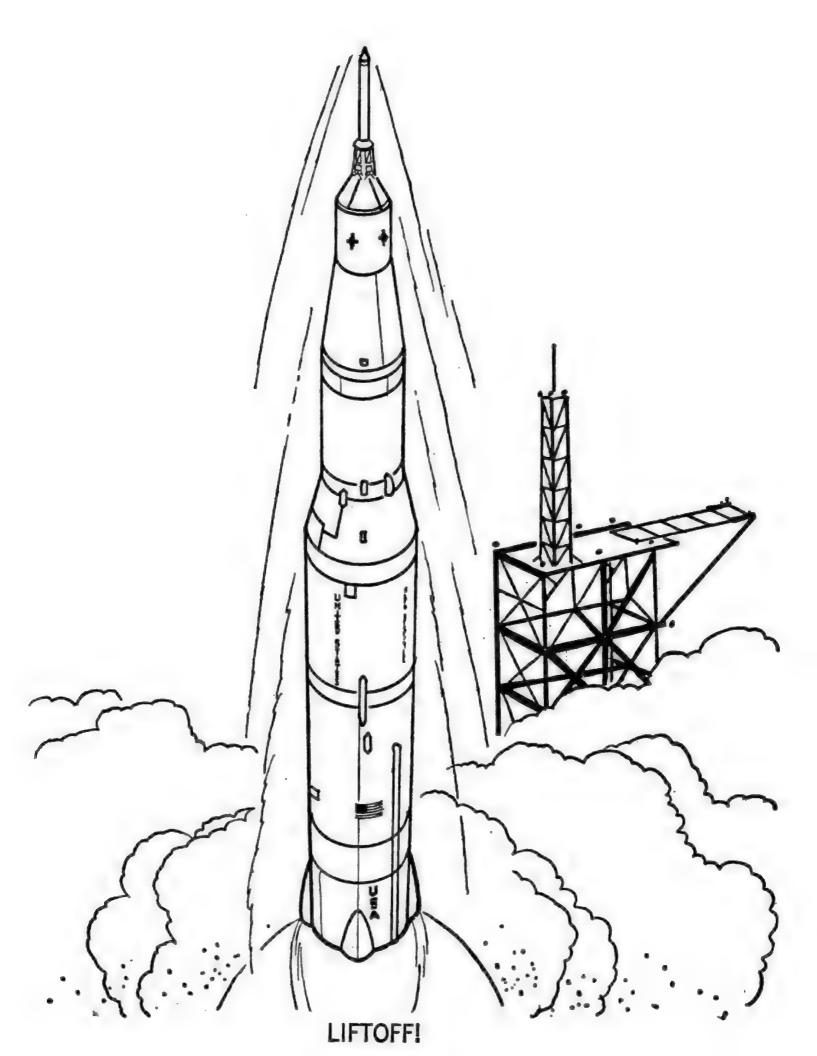
The astronauts enter the command module.

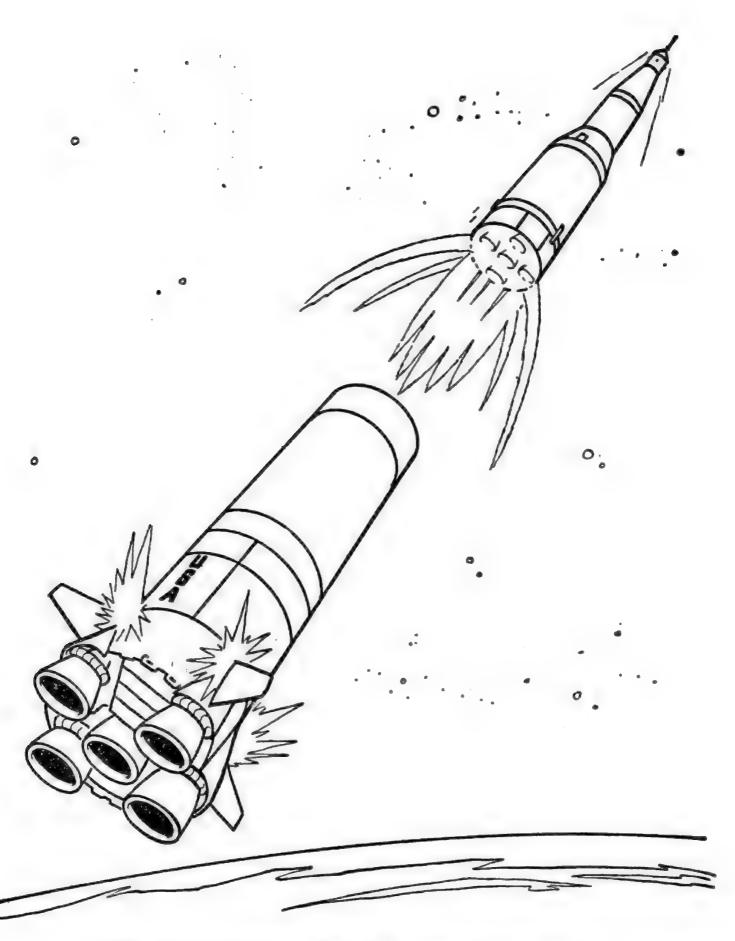


They are seated on special couches.

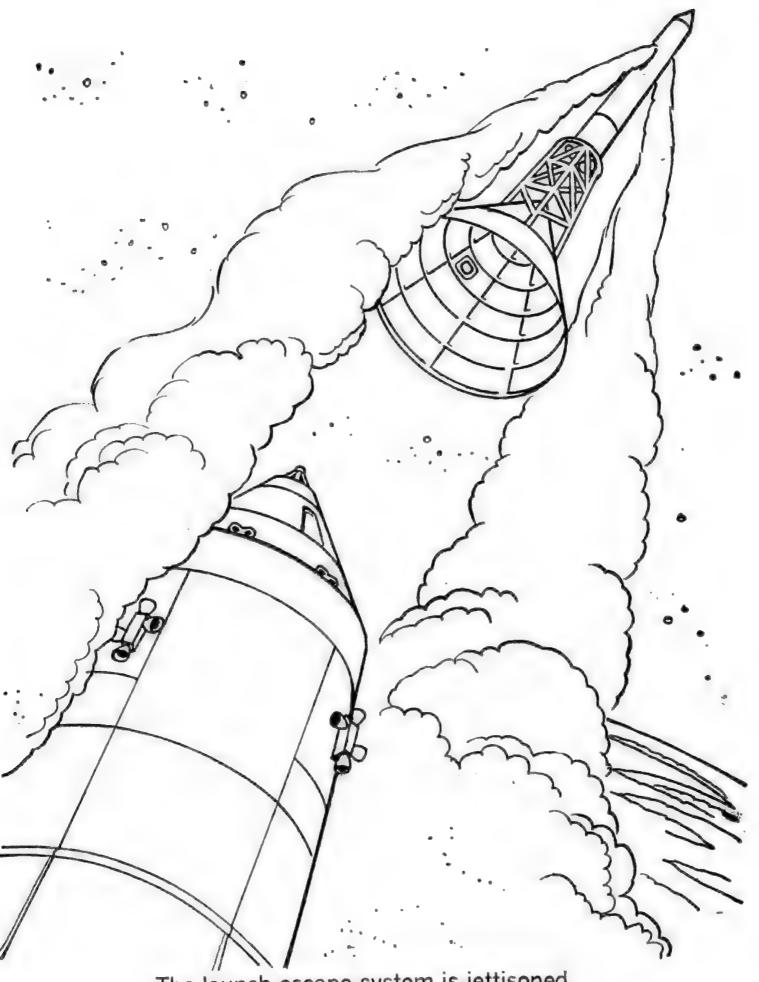






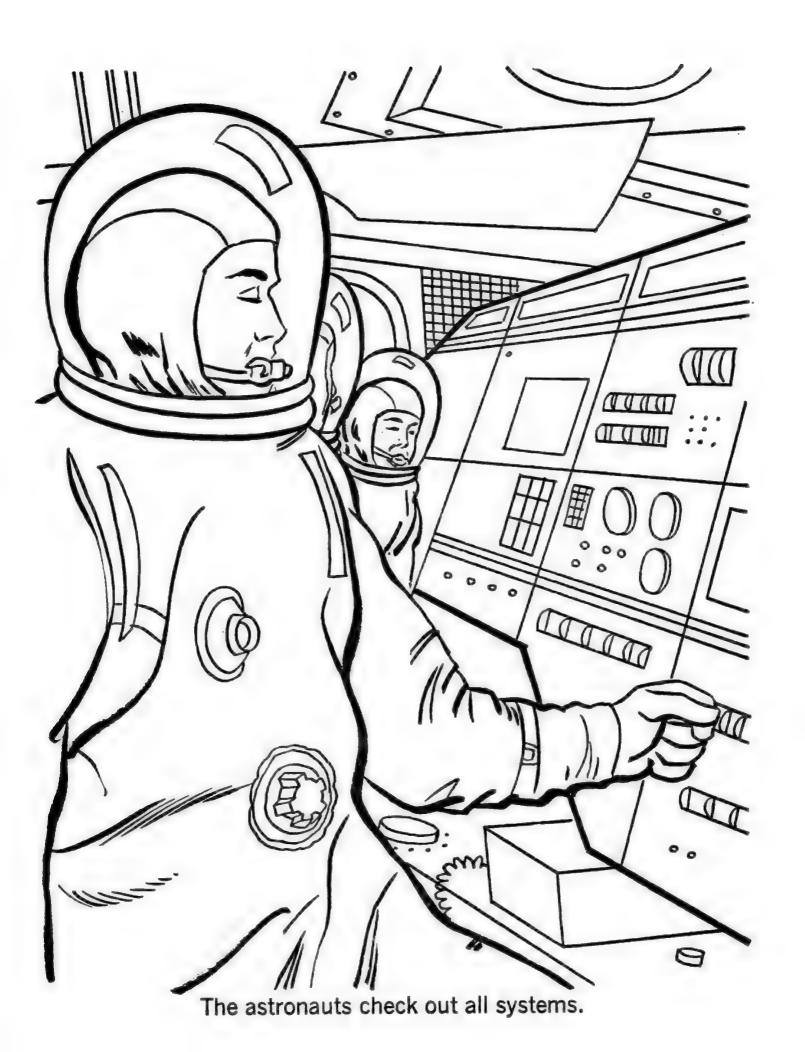


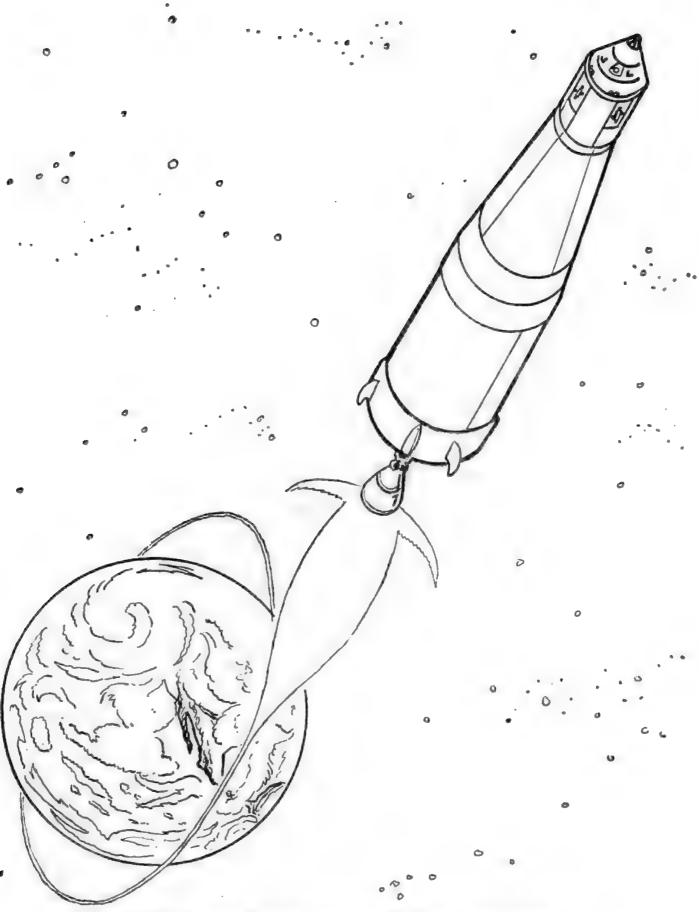
After 2-1/2 minutes, the first stage drops away.



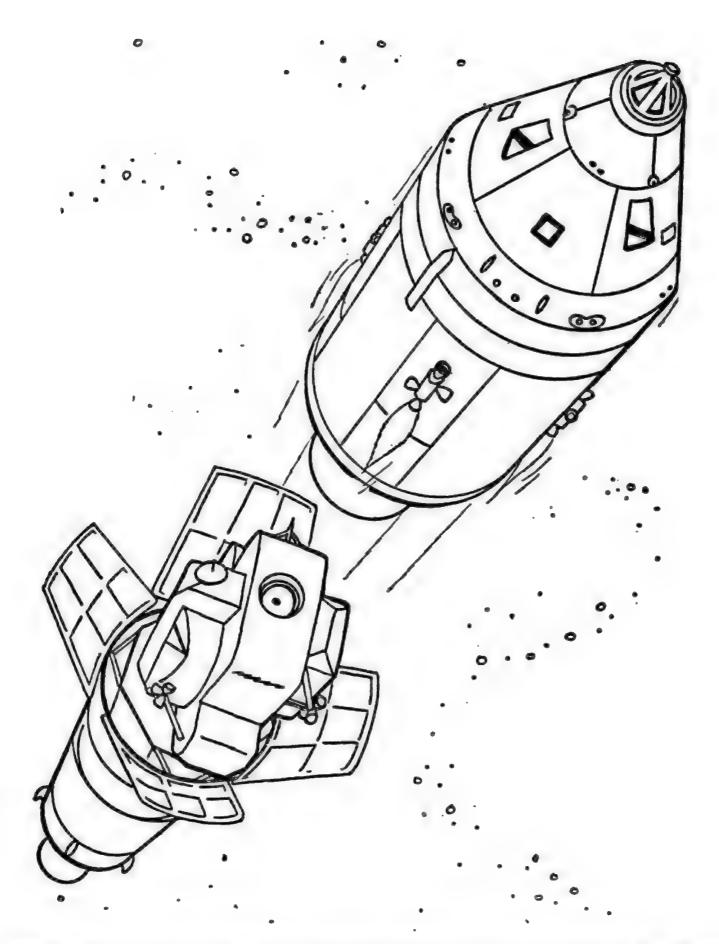
The launch escape system is jettisoned.



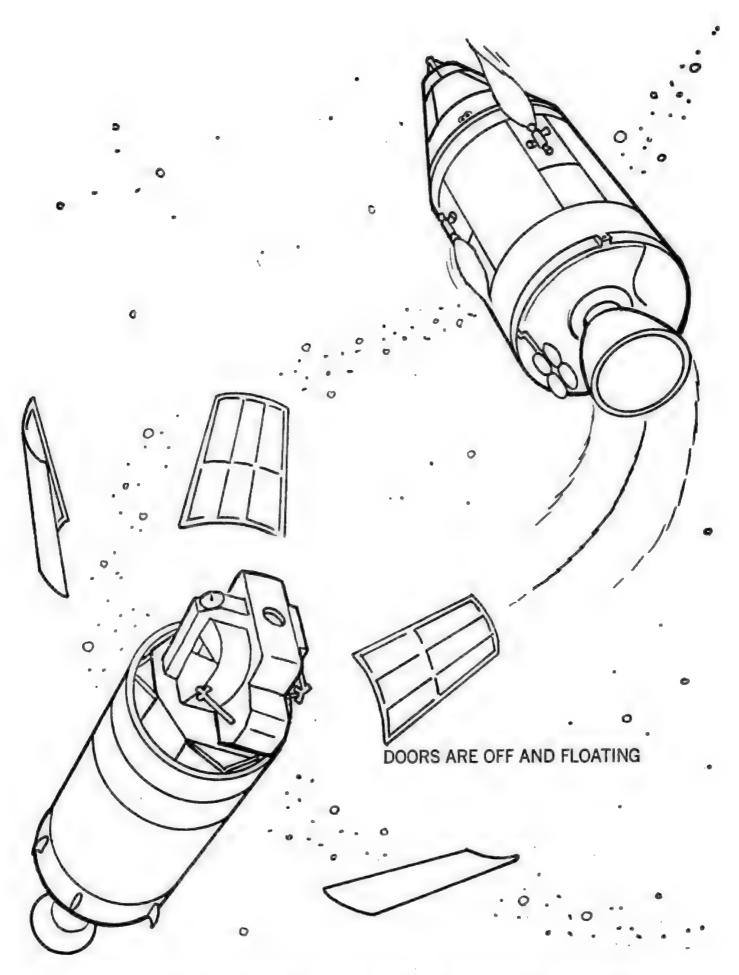




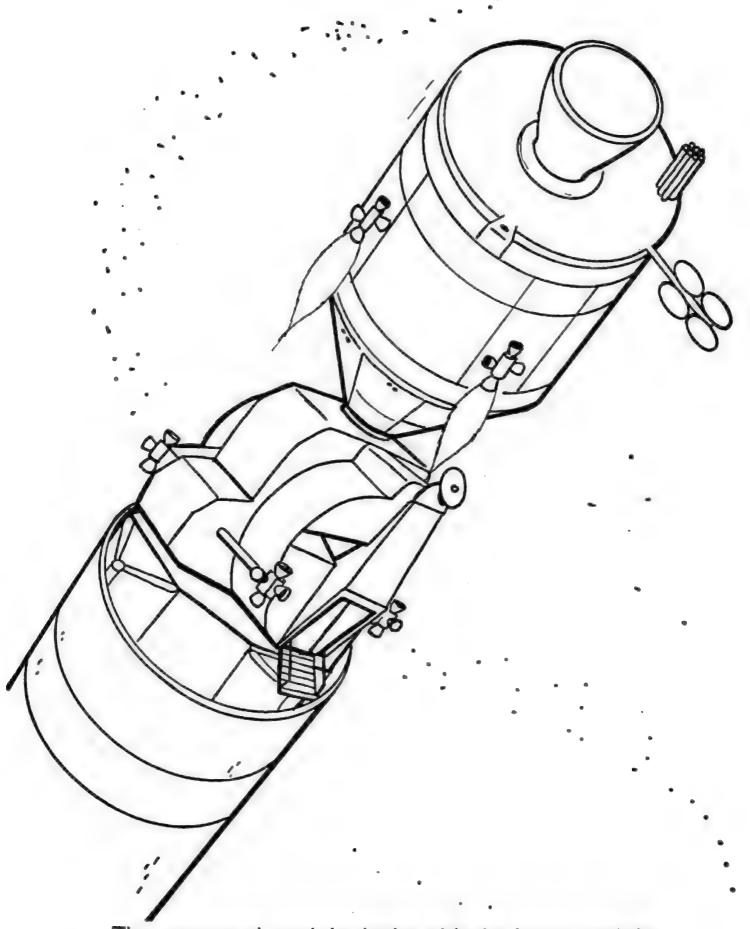
The third stage fires again on a lunar trajectory.



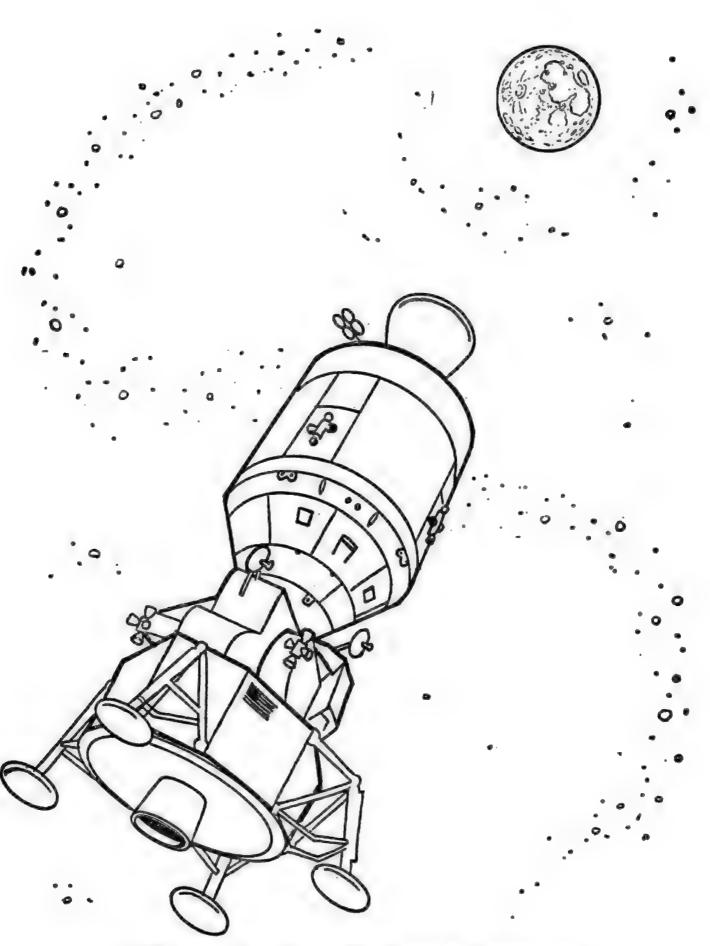
Adapter panels open. The command module moves out about 100 feet.



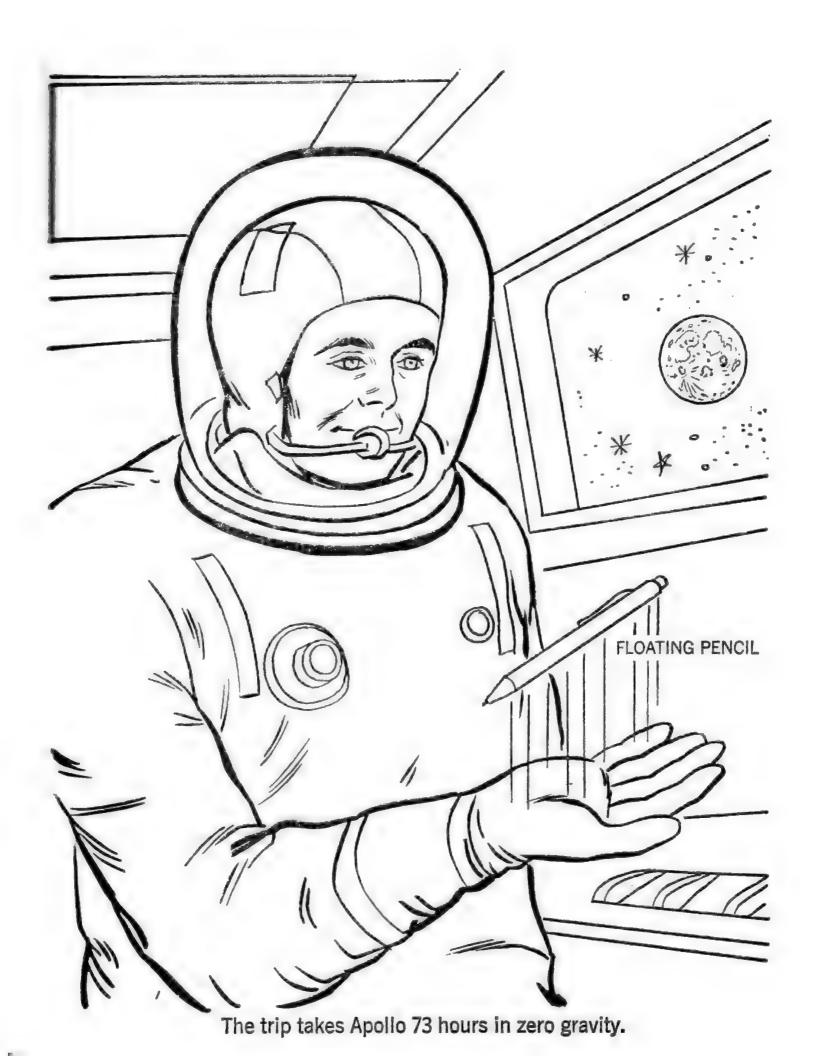
The command module turns to face the lunar module.

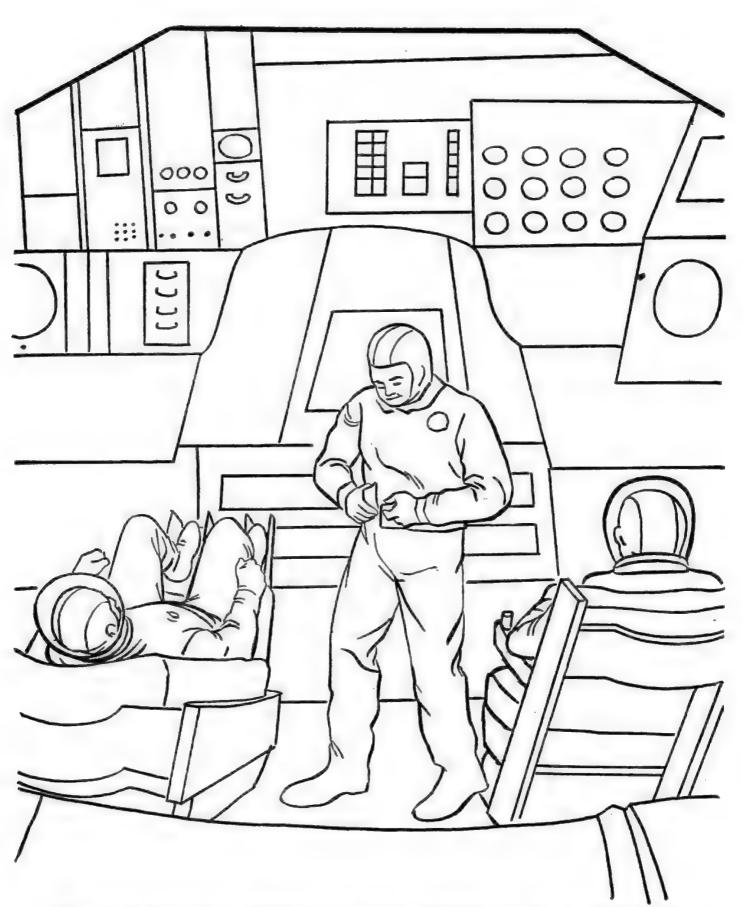


The command module docks with the lunar module.

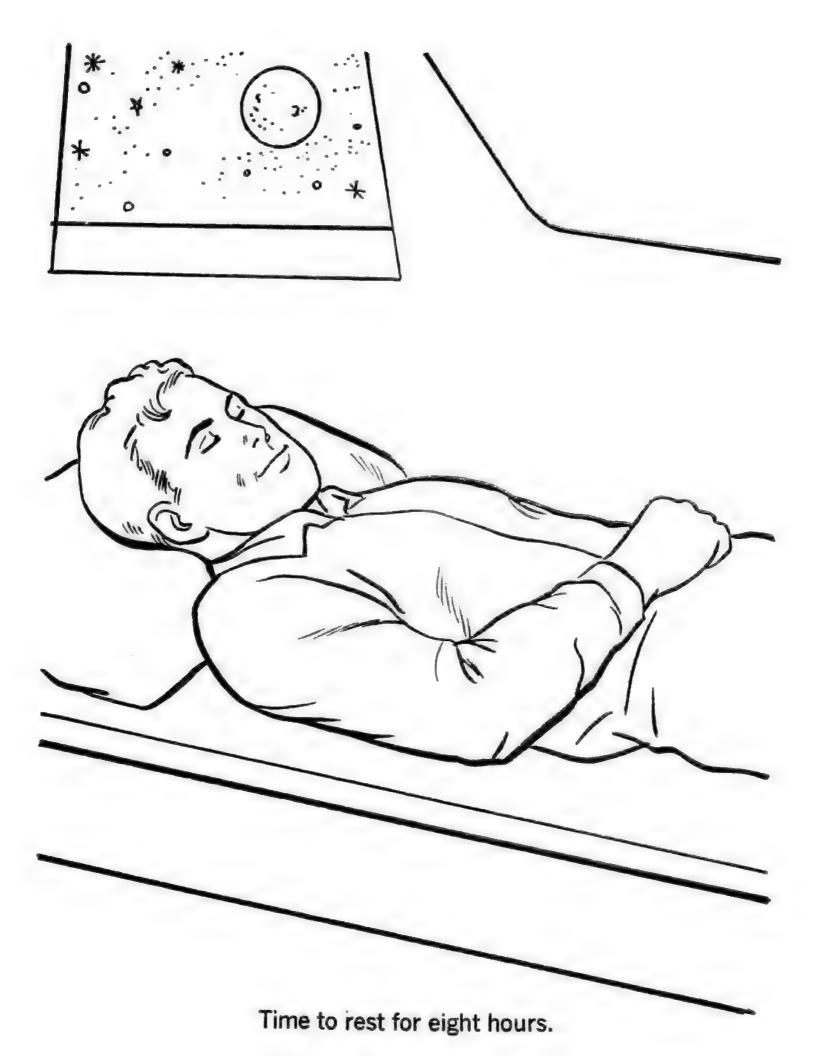


The Apollo then begins its coast to the moon.

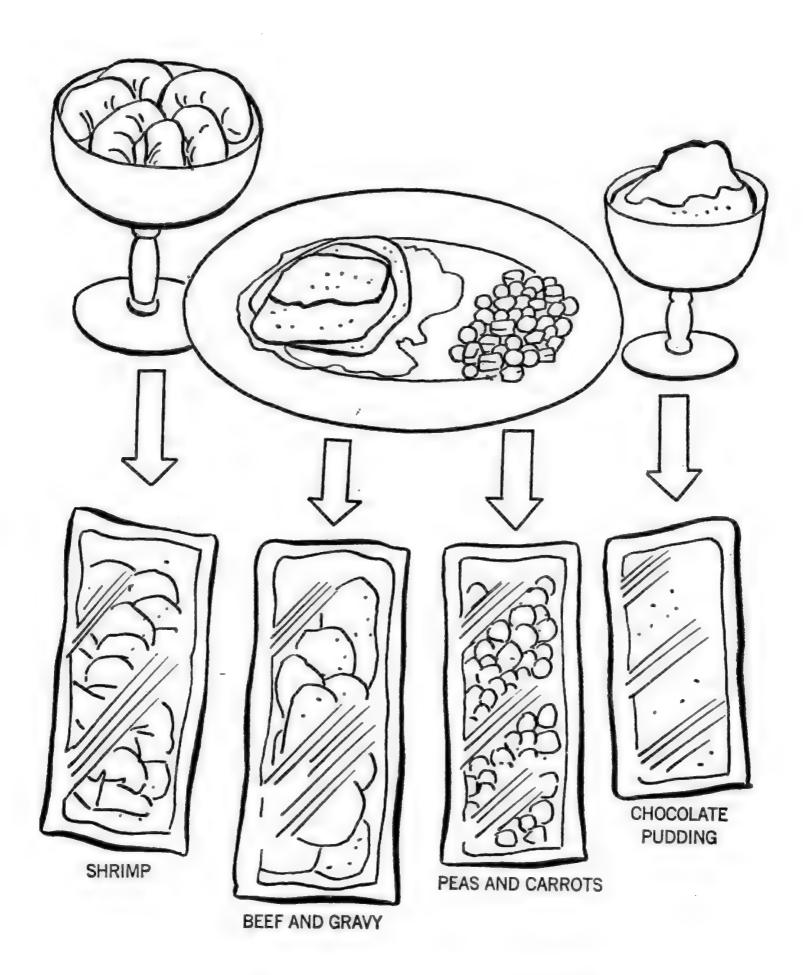




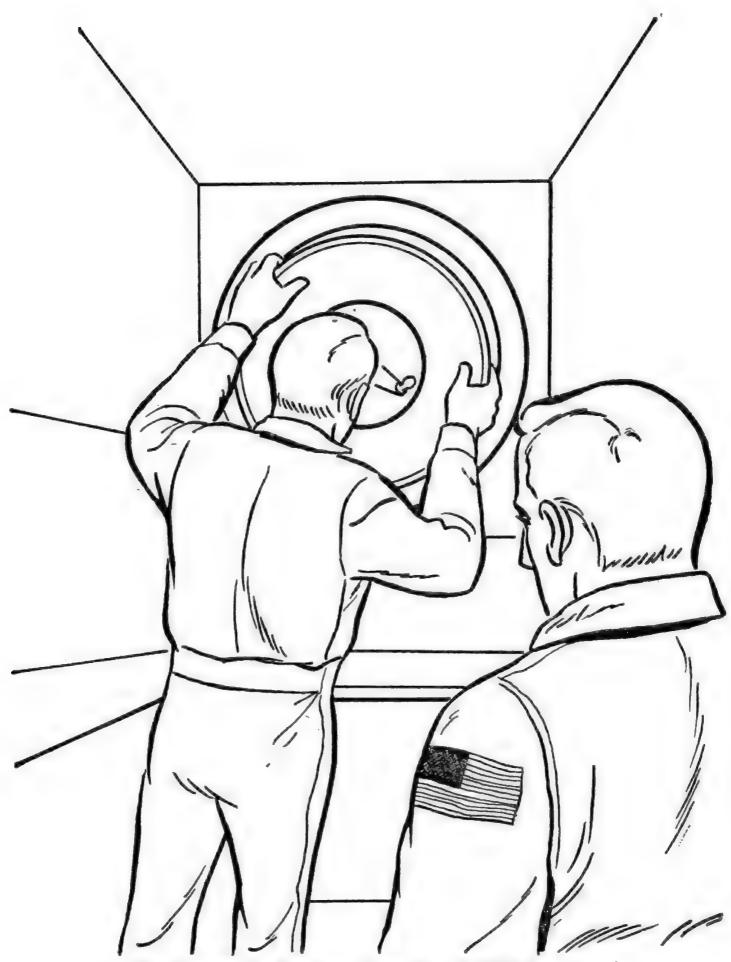
The crew strips to "shirt sleeves" and folds up the center seat.



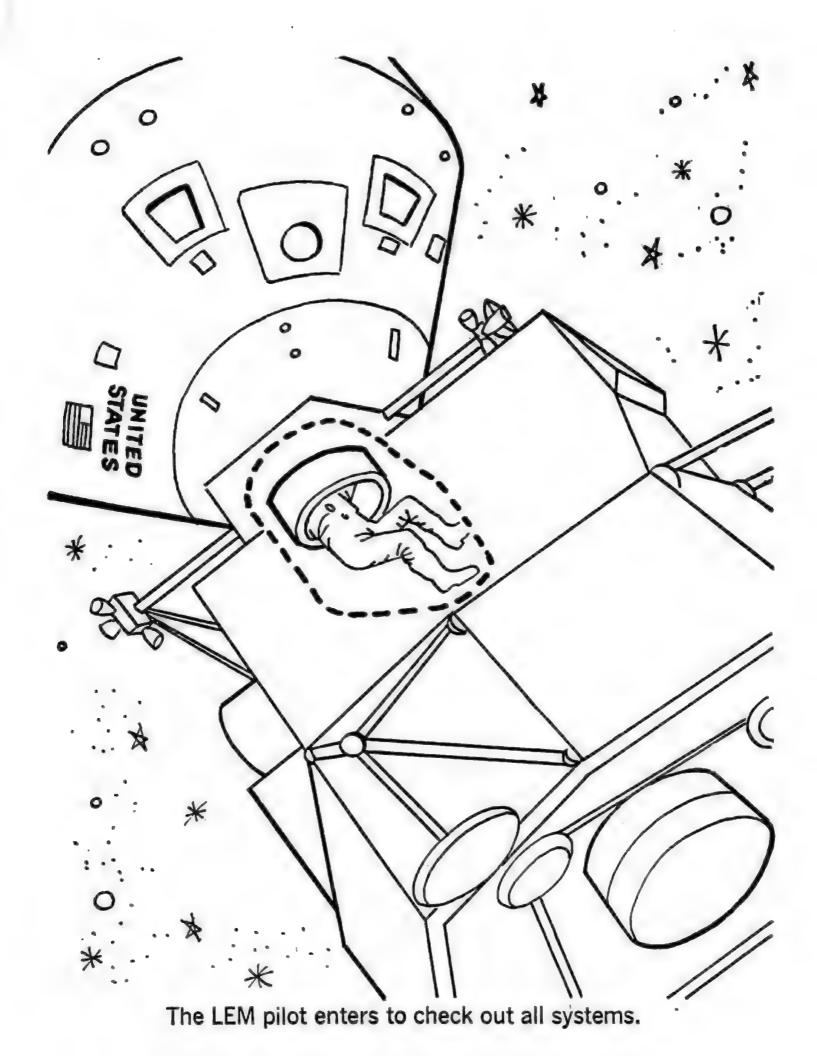




All foods are freeze-dried to save space.



The tunnel to the lunar module (LEM) is opened.

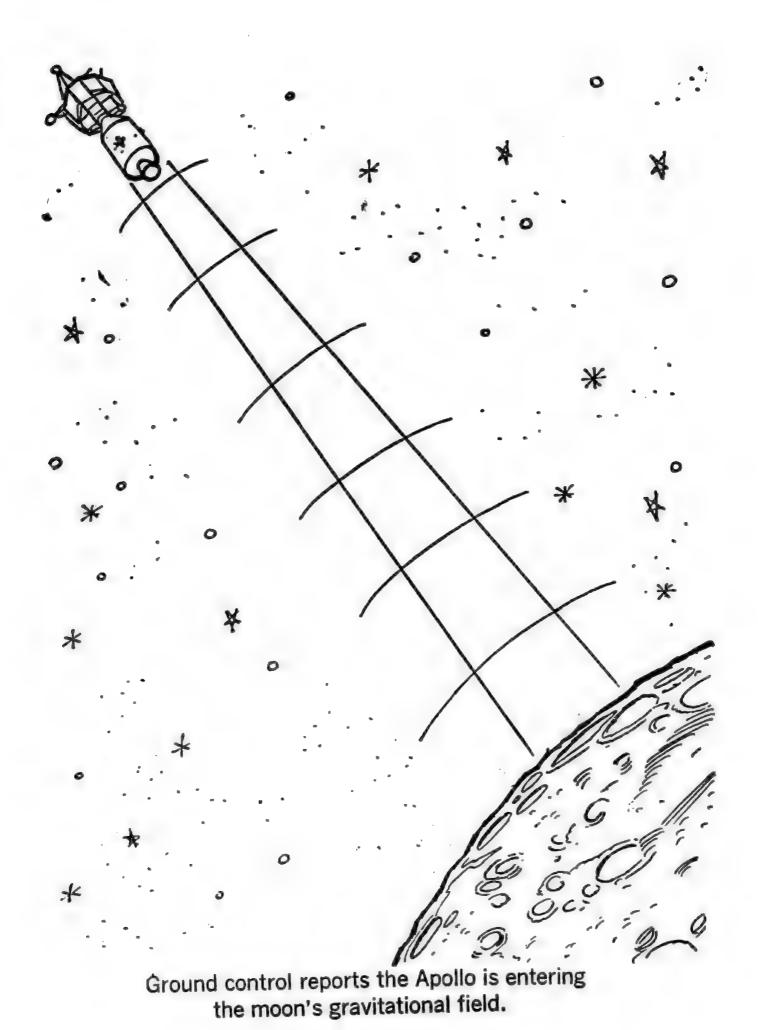




The moon-walk equipment is checked.



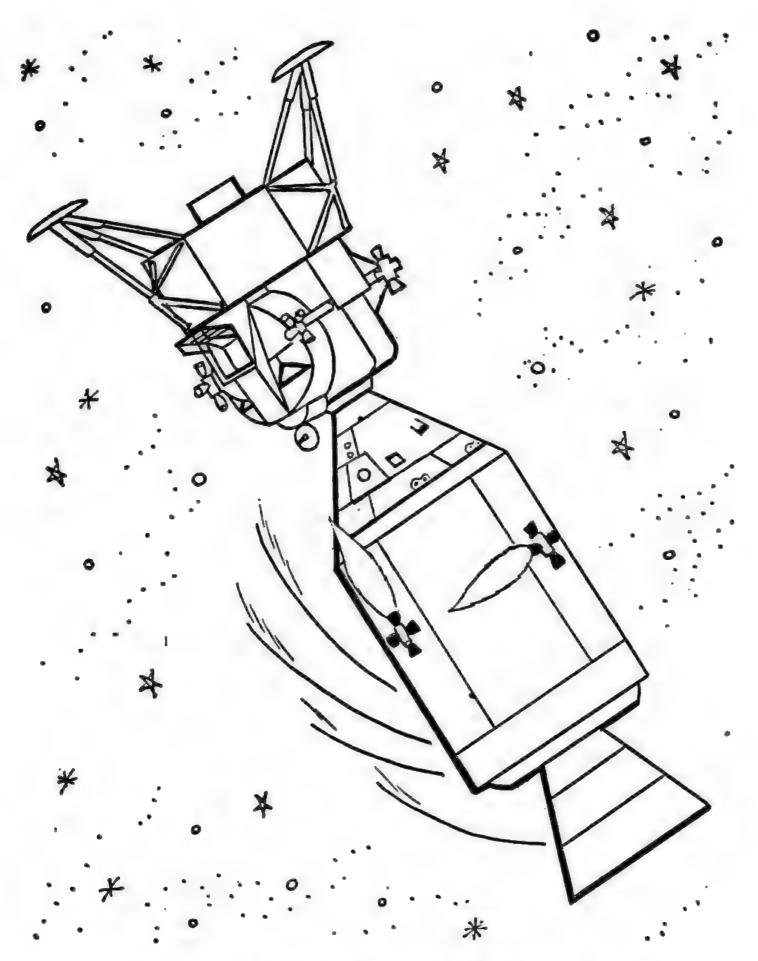
The children have refreshments with an astronaut.



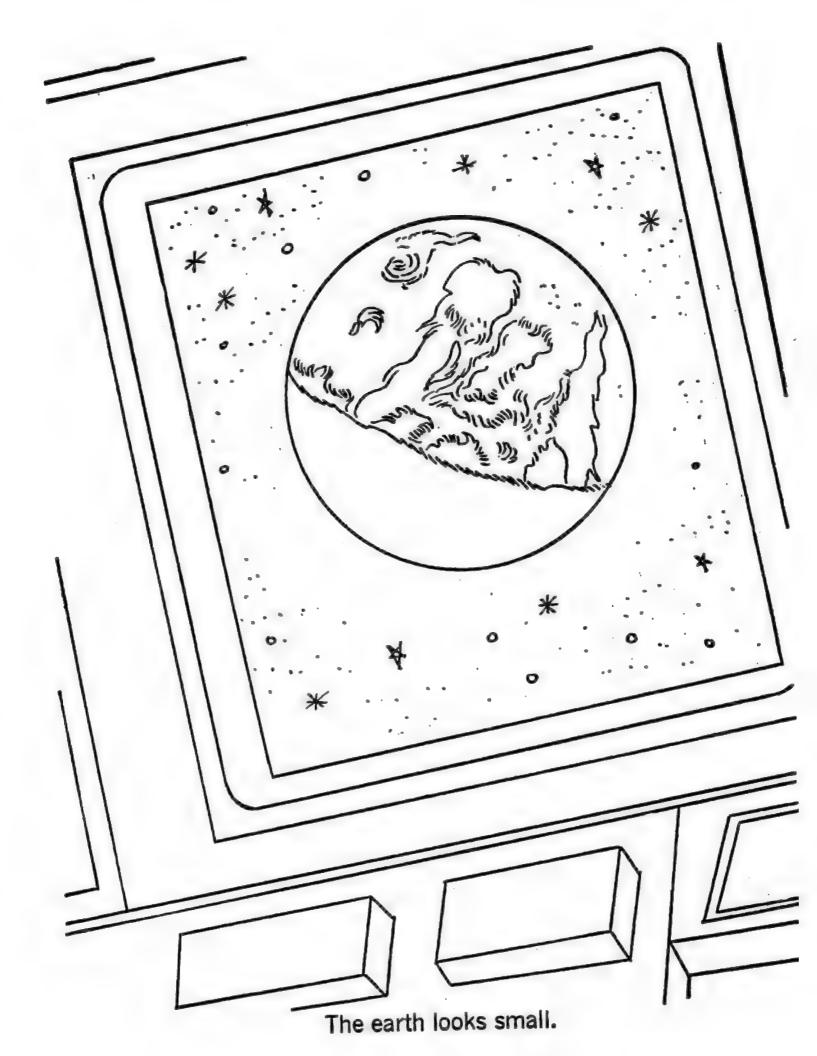


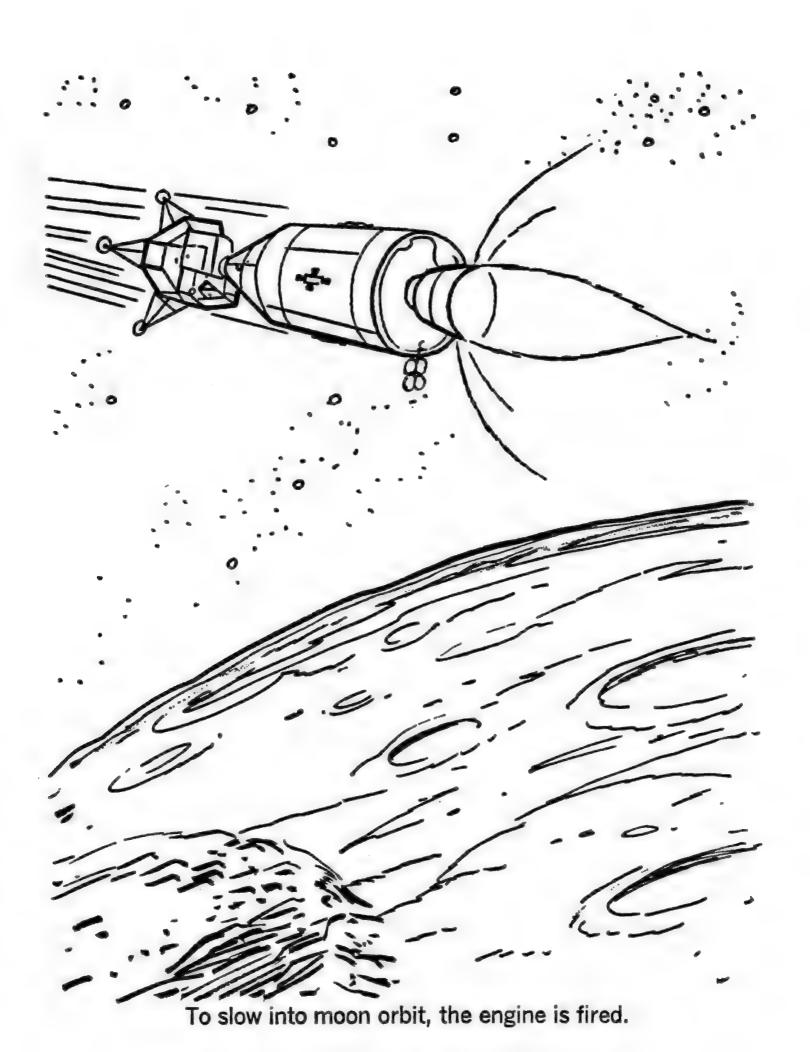
The moon looms large.

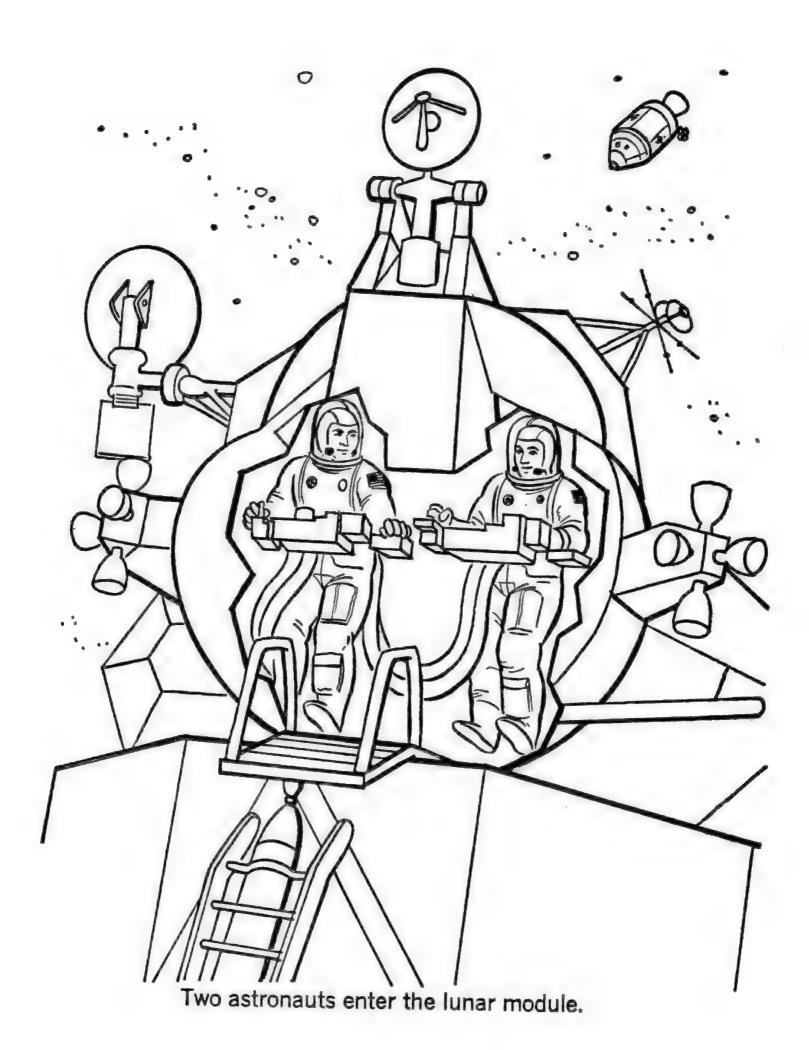


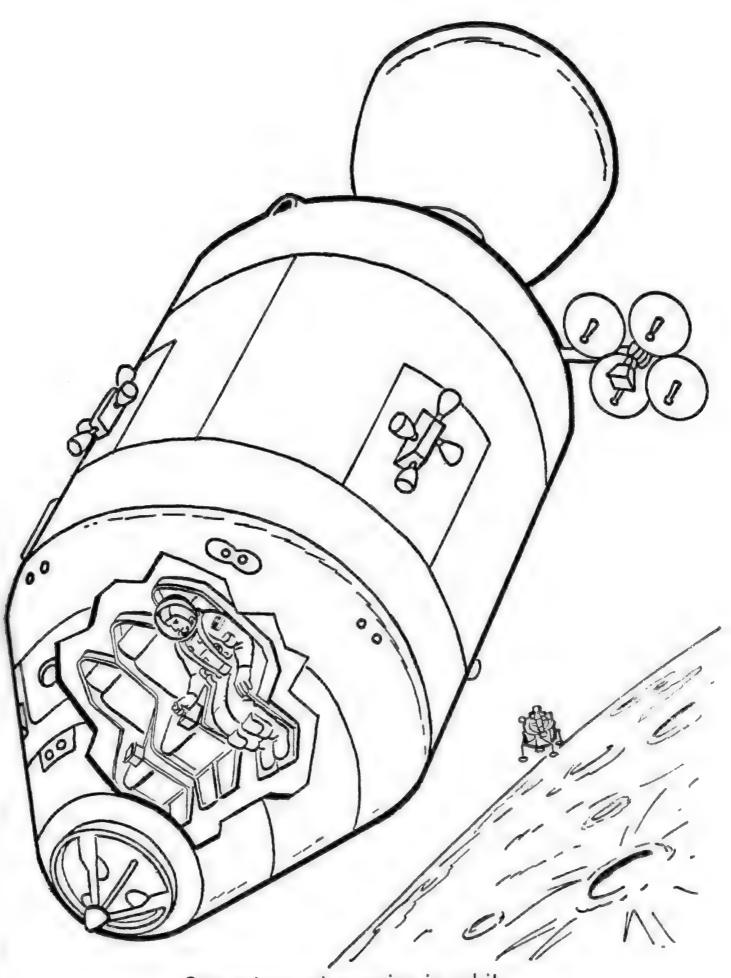


A small flight path change is made.

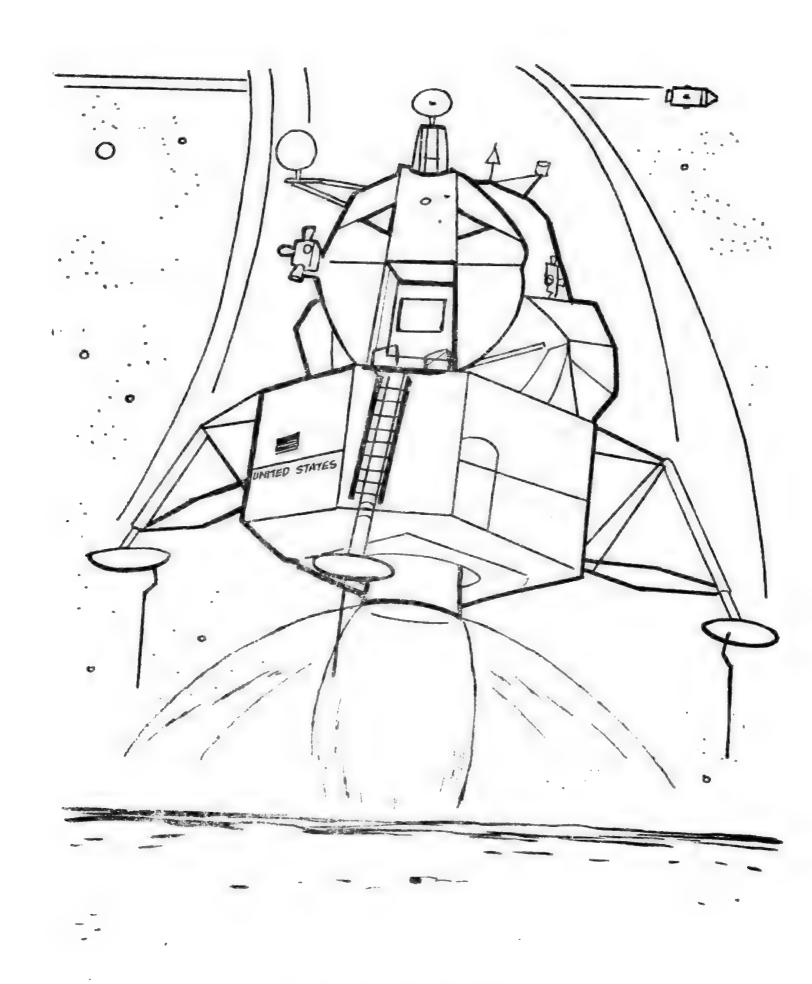




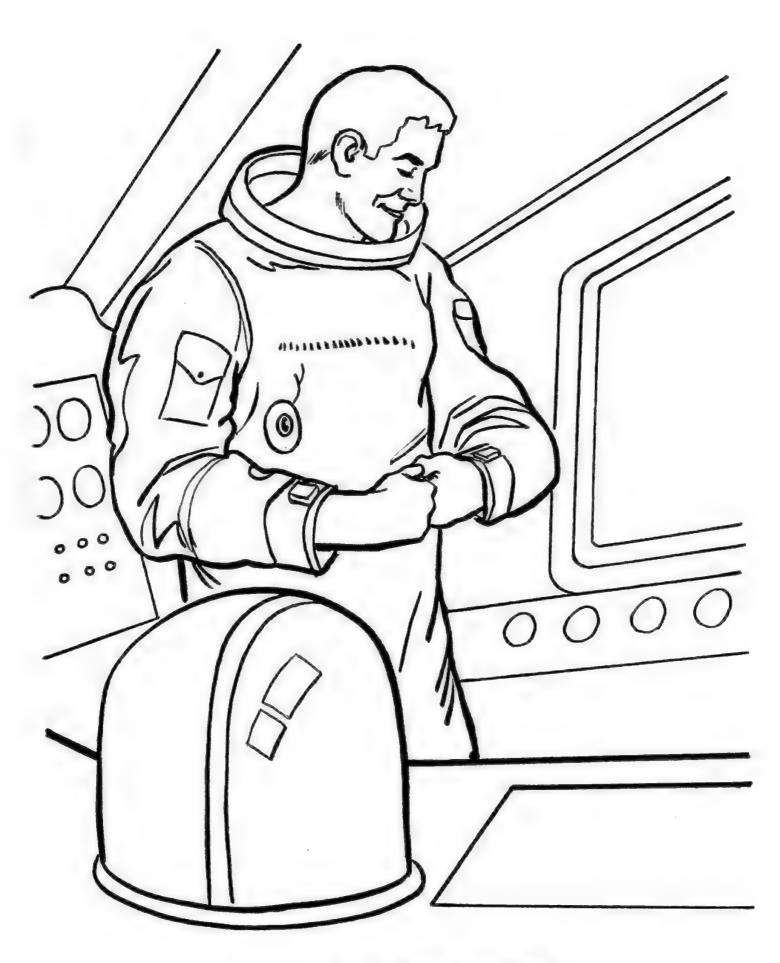




One astronaut remains in orbit.



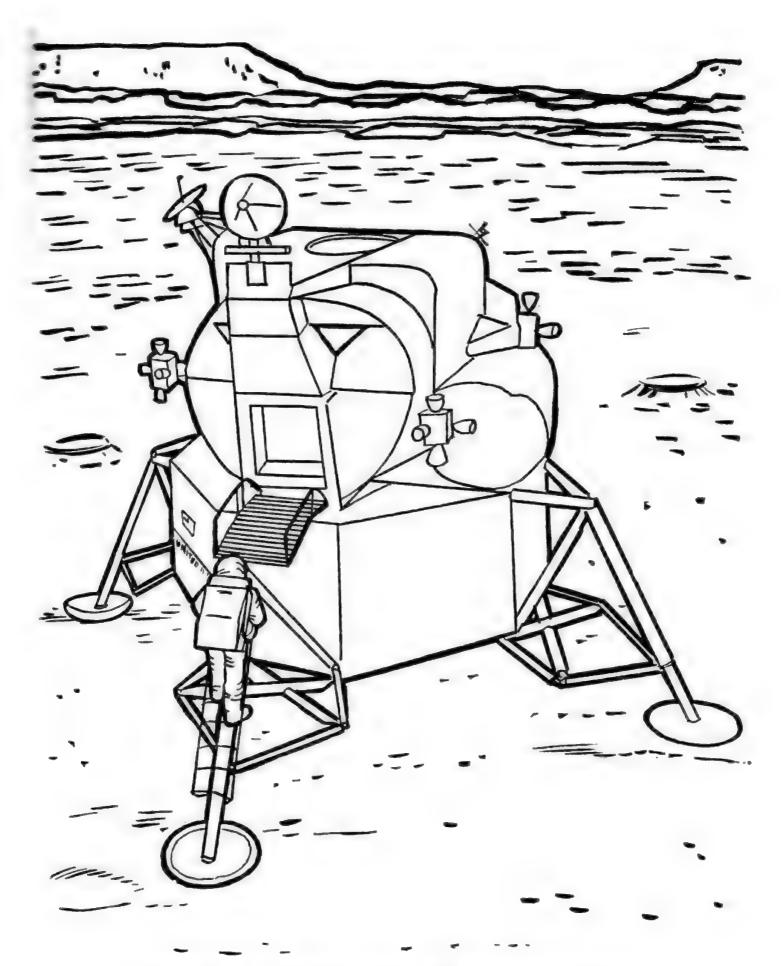
The two land on the moon.



The astronauts put on their moon suits.



The cabin is depressurized and the hatch opens.



One astronaut descends to the moon's surface.



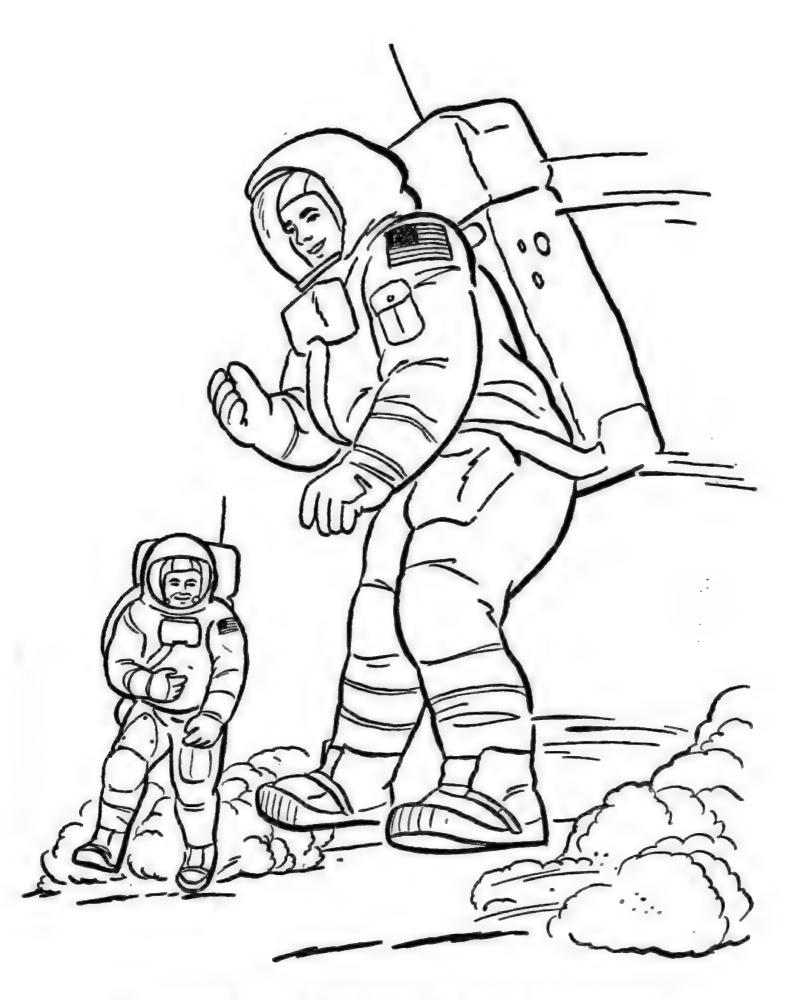
MAN'S FIRST STEP ON THE MOON.



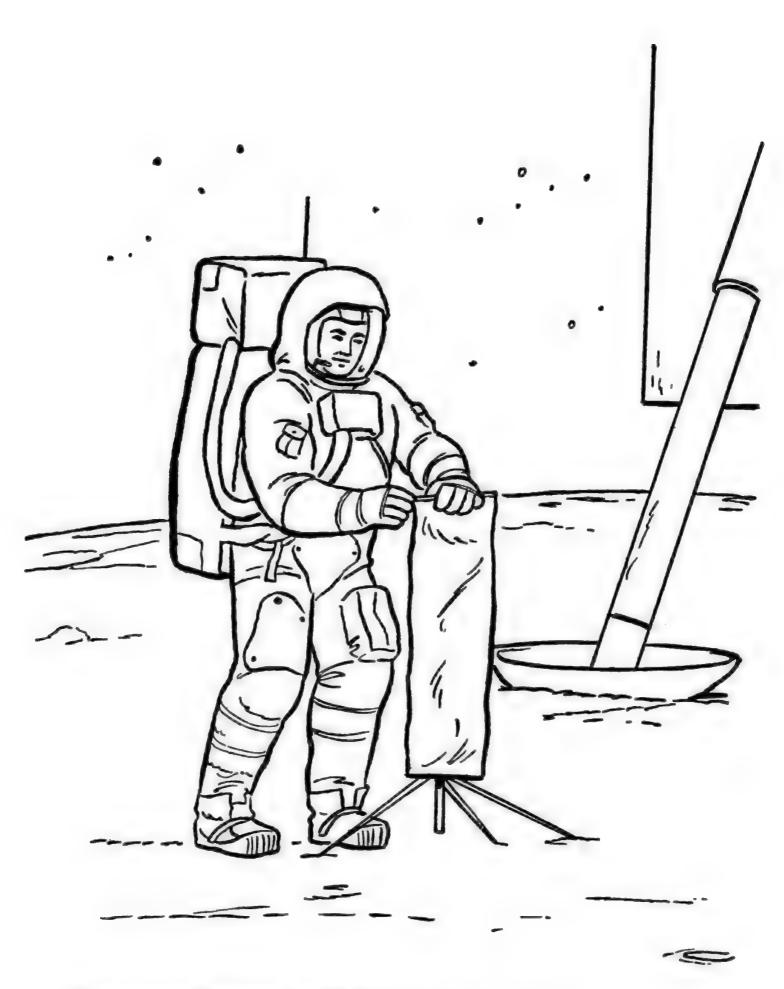
"THAT'S ONE SMALL STEP FOR MAN; ONE GIANT LEAP FOR MANKIND."



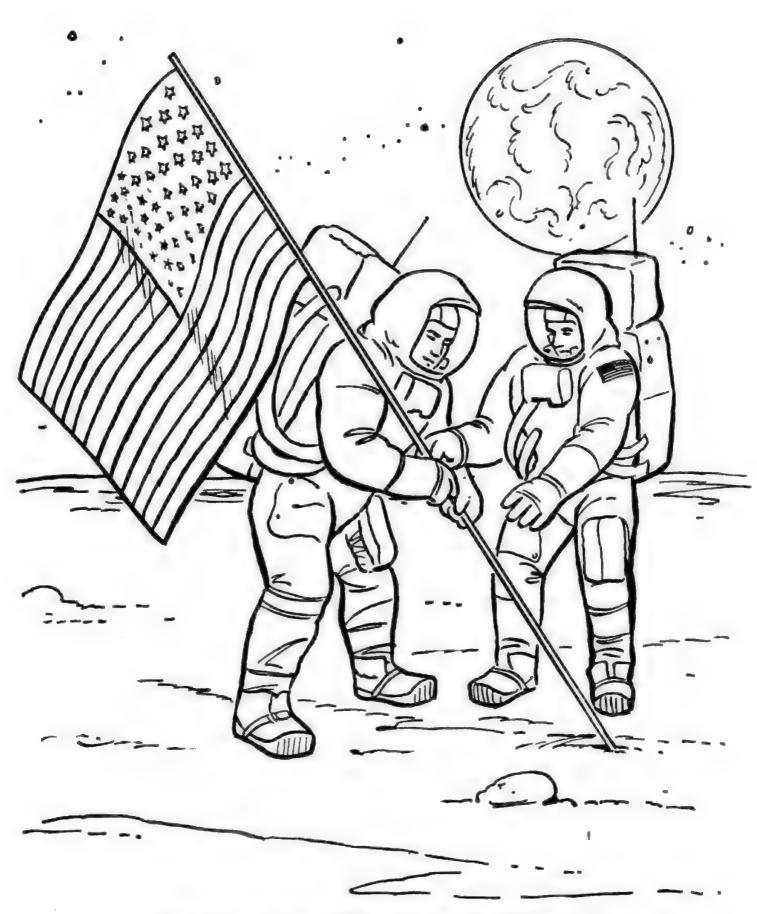
A soil sample is taken near the lunar module.



The moon's gravity is only about 1/6 that of earth's gravity.



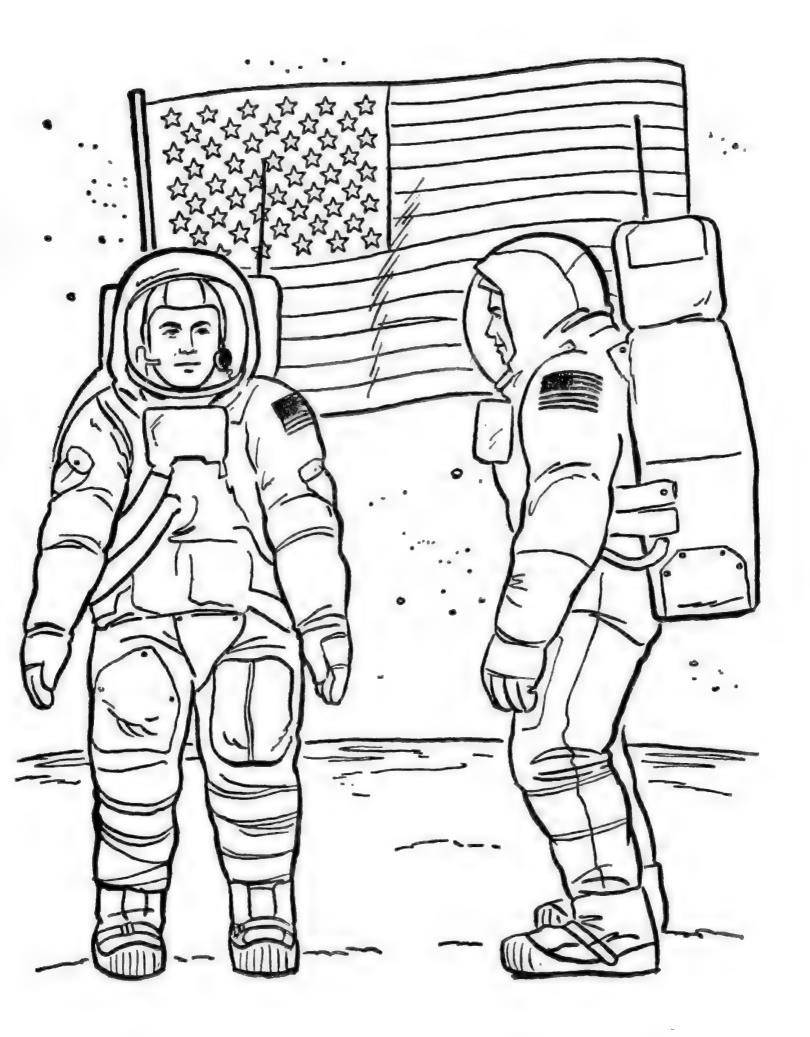
The solar wind experiment will detect gases in the sun's rays.



The flag of the United States is implanted in the lunar soil, July 20, 1969.



President Nixon talks to the astronauts on the moon.

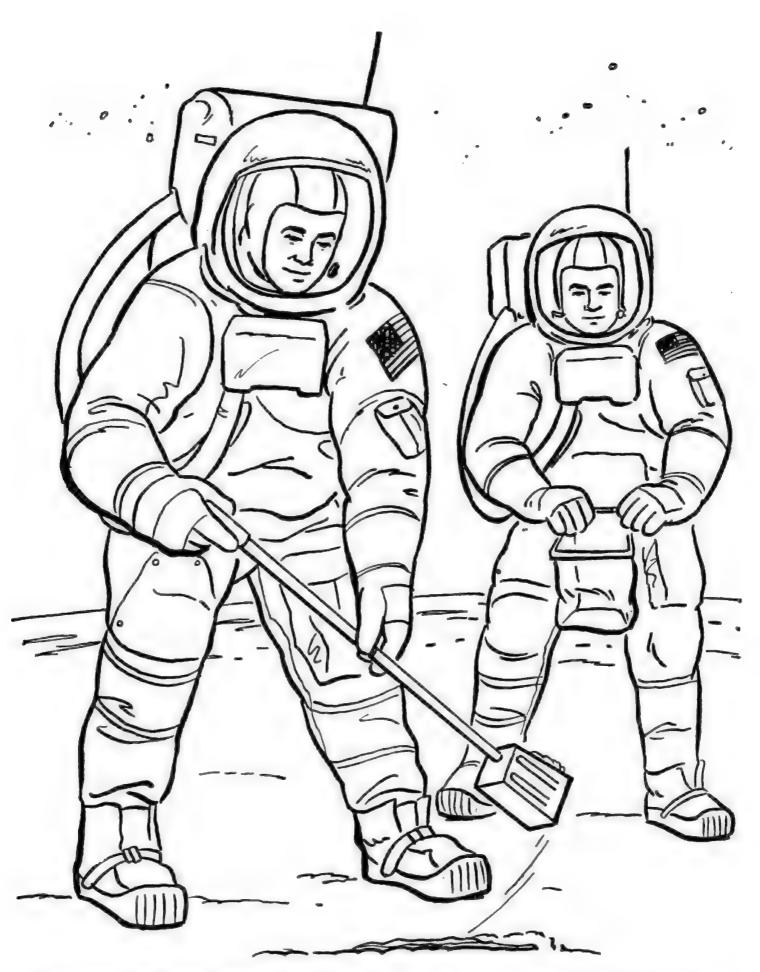




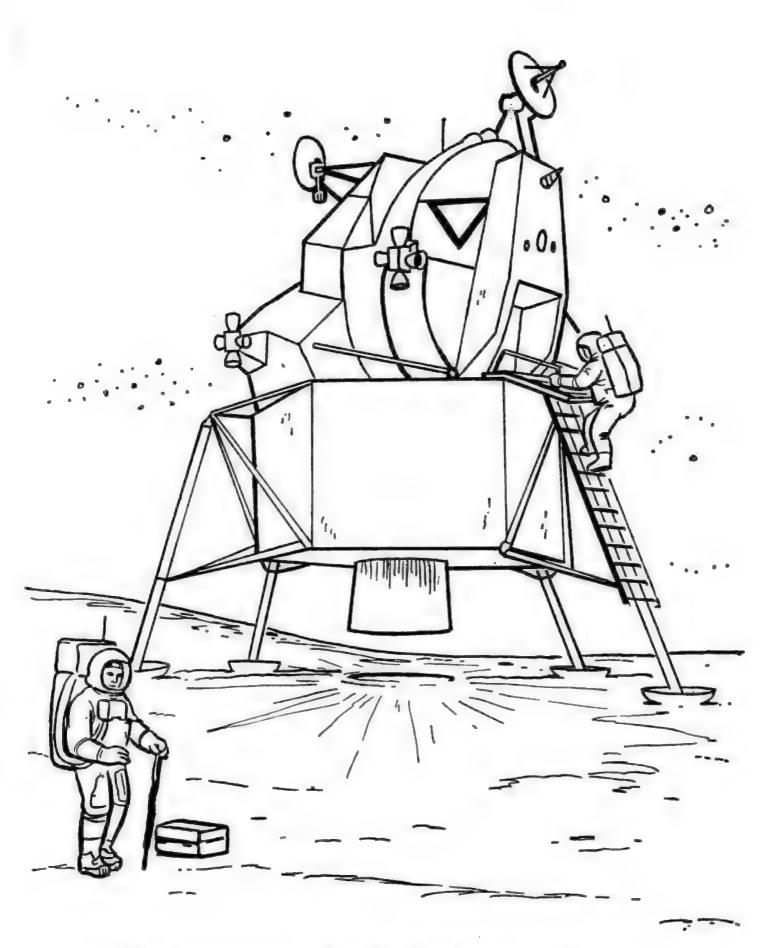
The laser ray experiment will be used to accurately measure the dis tance between the earth and the moon.



The passive seismic experiment will measure "moon-quakes."

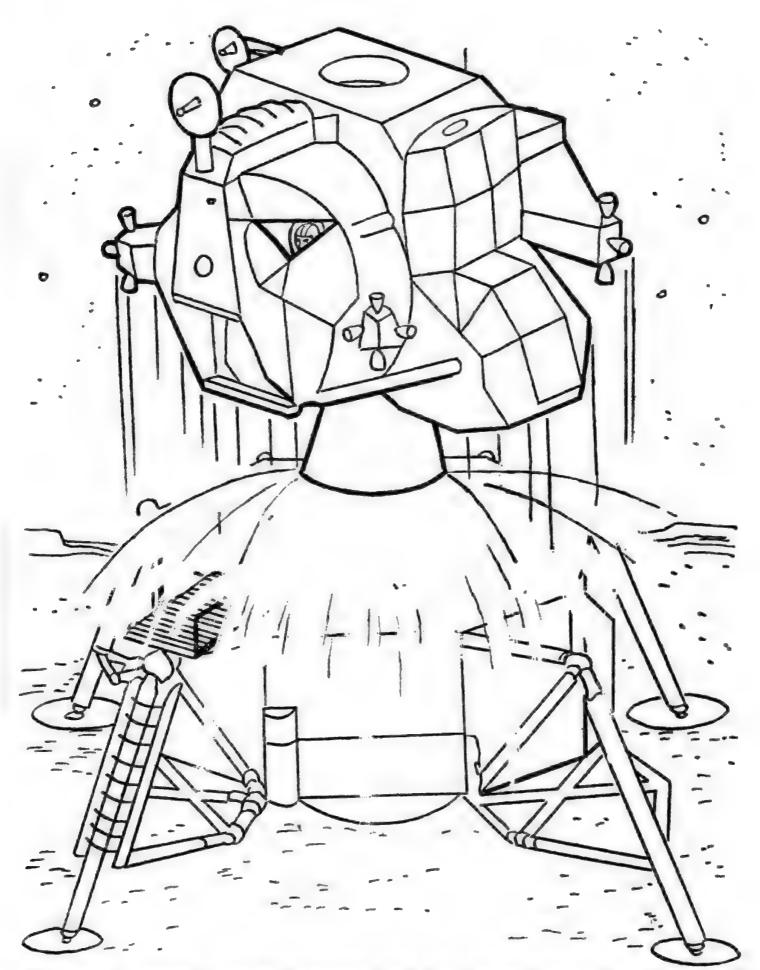


More soil and rock samples are collected and stored for the trip back to earth.



The astronauts get ready to leave the moon.

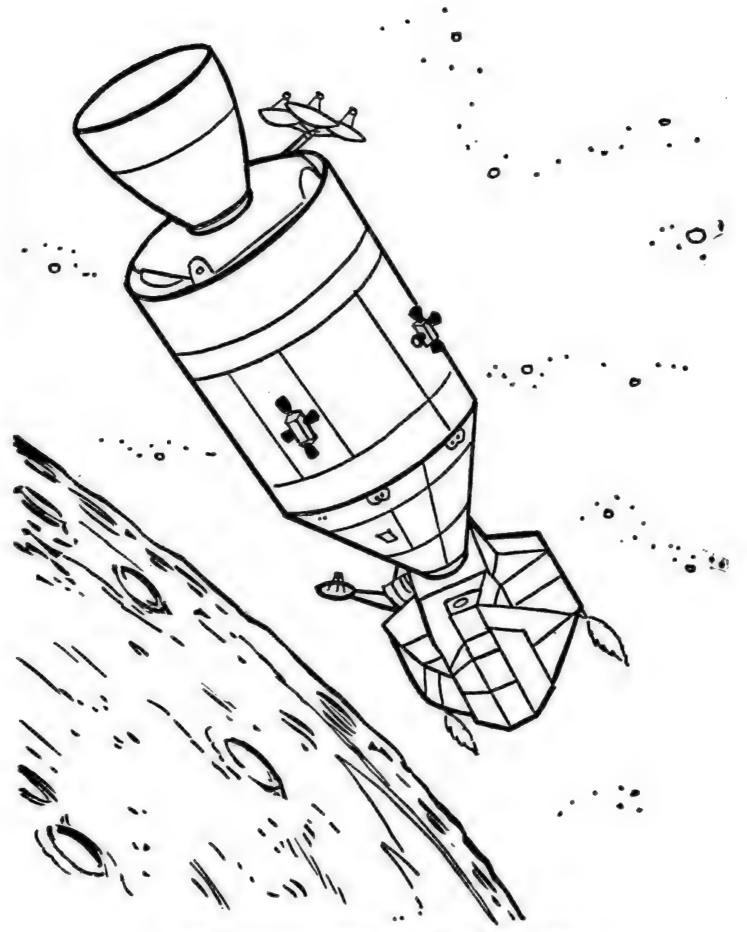




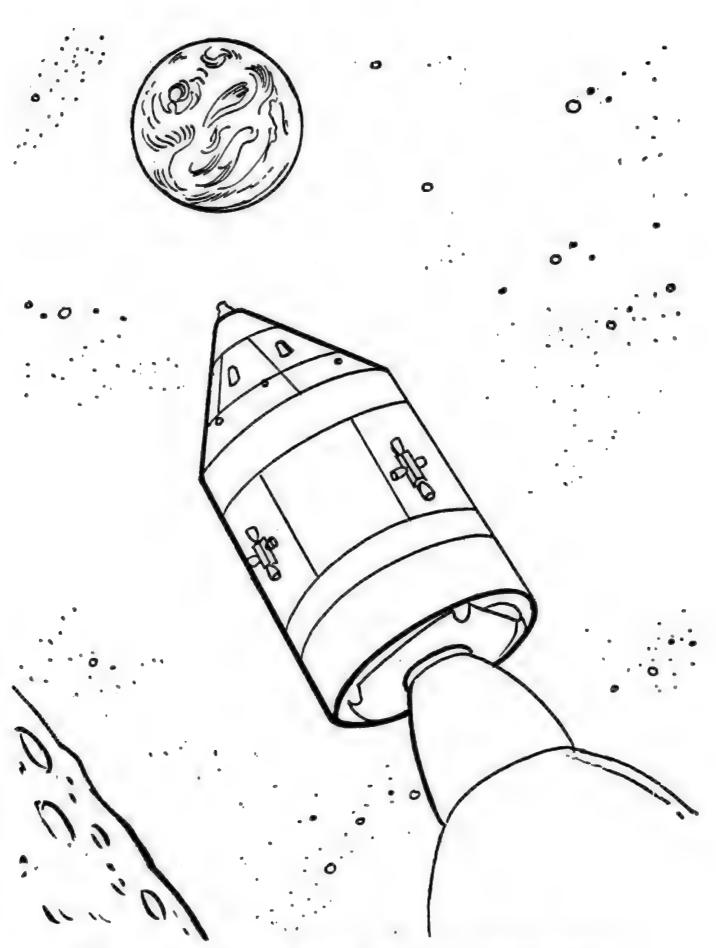
With the descent stage as launch pad, the ascent stage fires for liftoff.



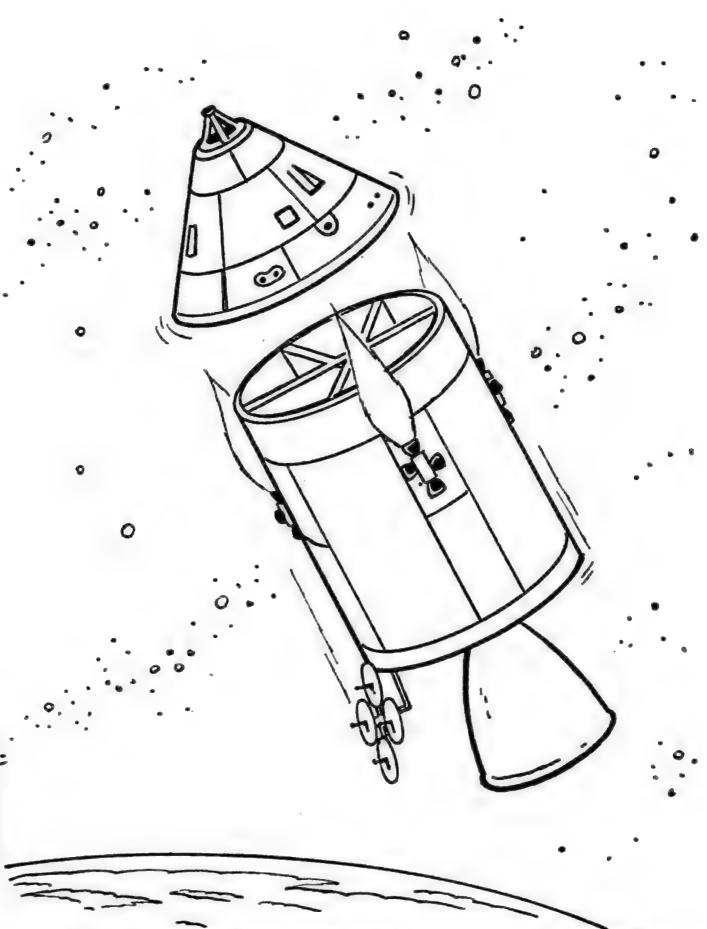
The command module is sighted ...



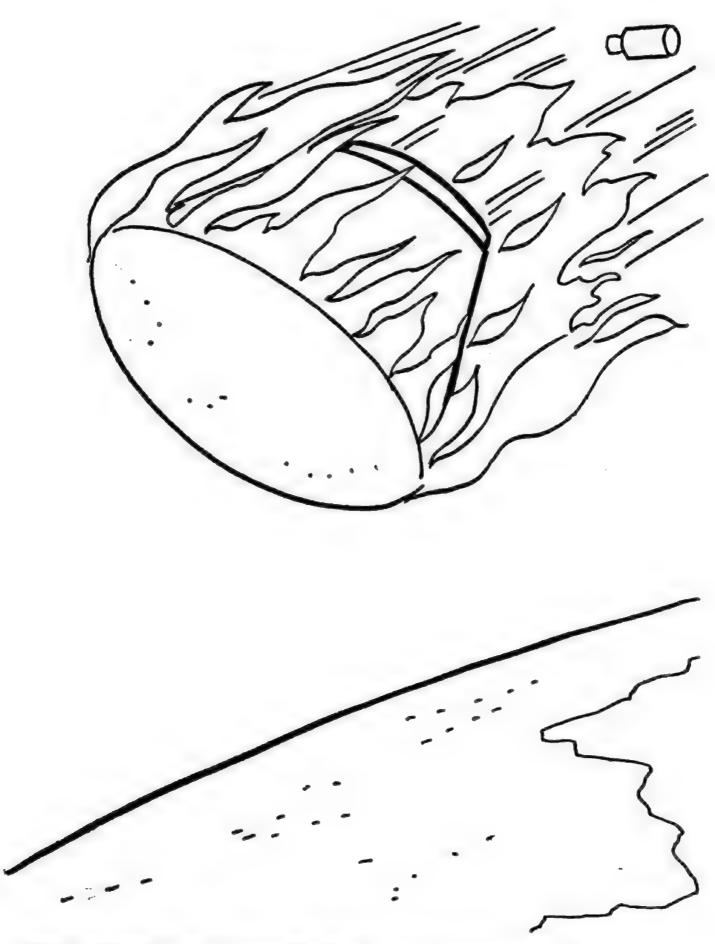
... and docking maneuvering is completed.



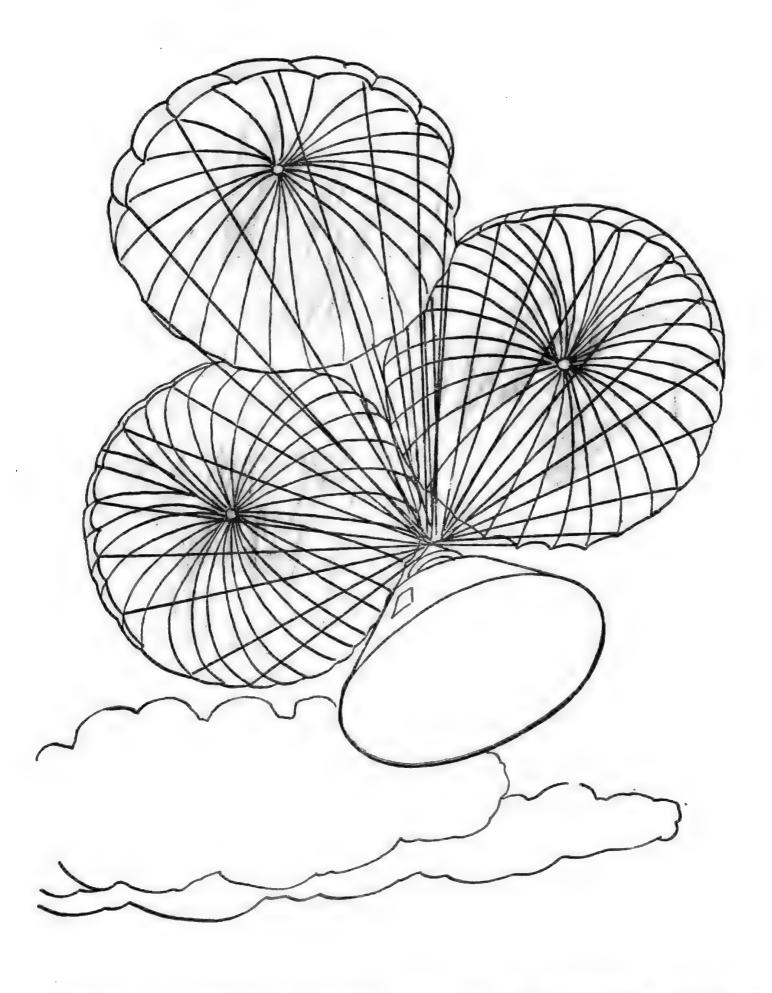
The astronauts transfer and the Apollo heads for earth.



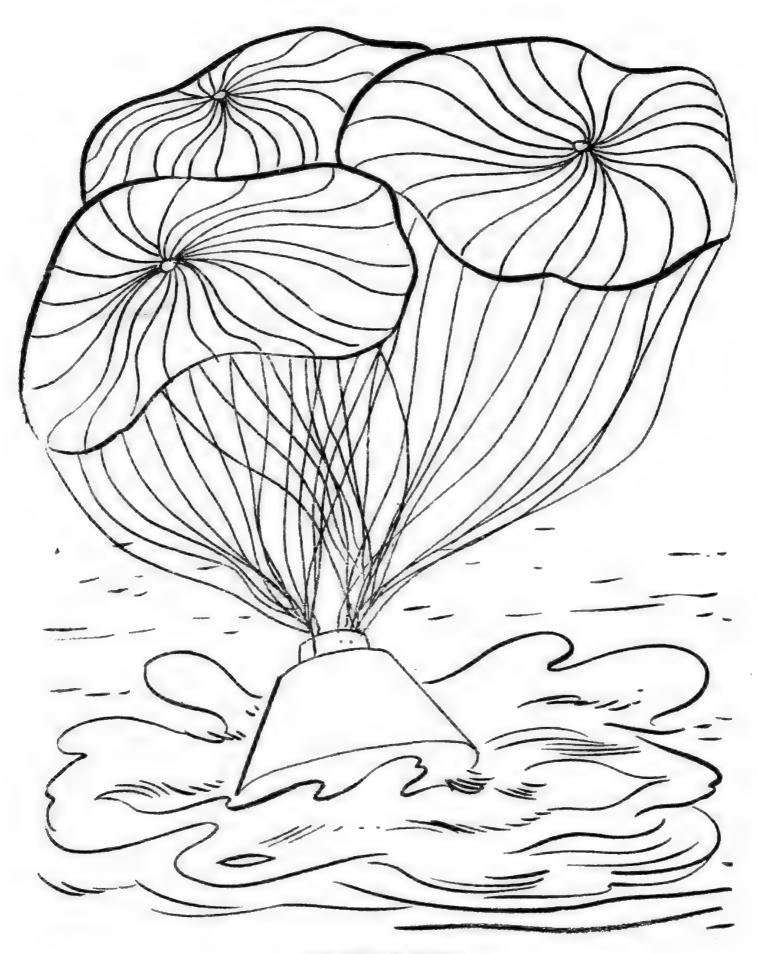
The command module separates from the service module for re-entry.



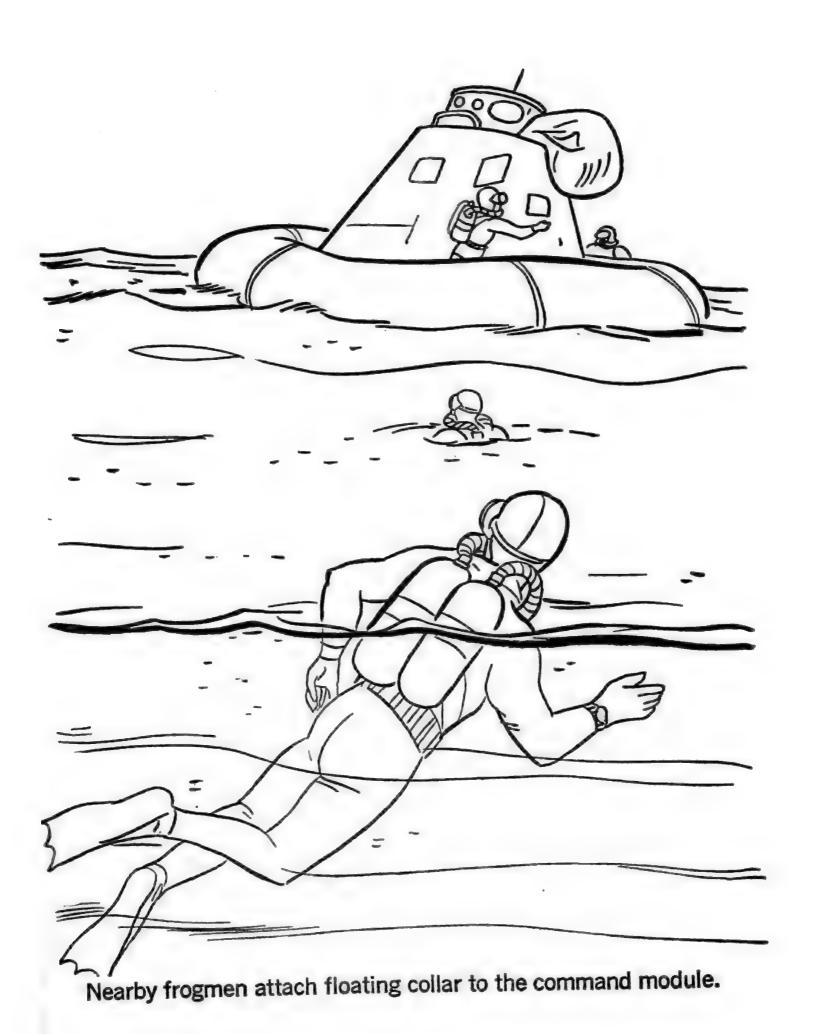
The command module makes it's fiery re-entry into the earth's atmosphere.



The Apollo is slowed by the atmosphere and the parachutes open.

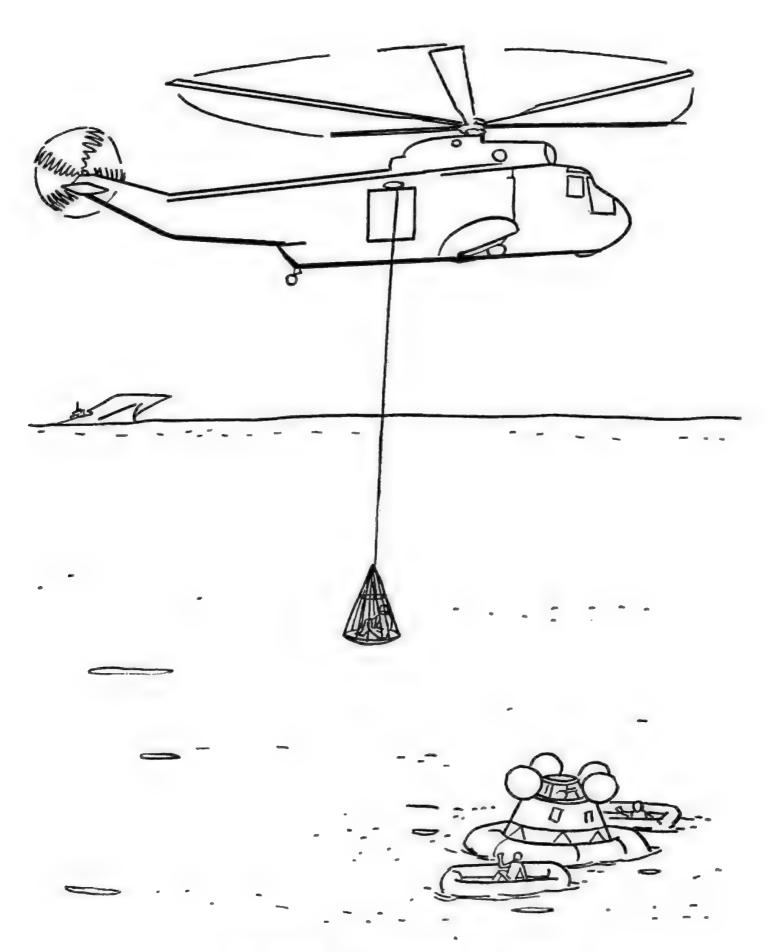


SPLASH DOWN!





The astronauts come out wearing protective suits.

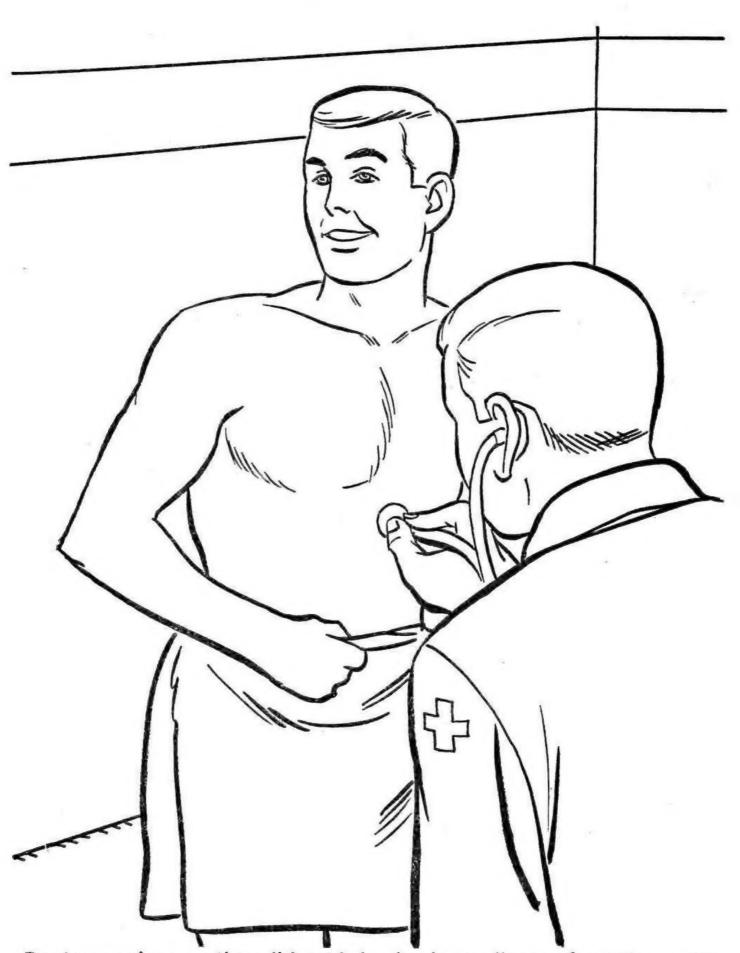


A helicopter picks up the astronauts.



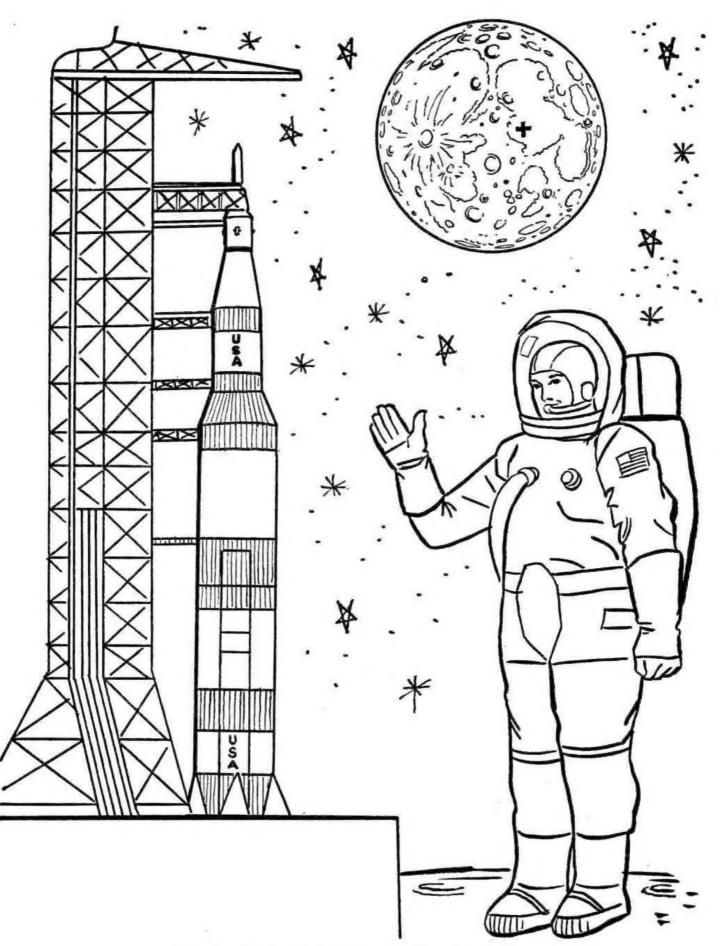
Astronauts are taken to the aircraft carrier.





Doctors make sure they did not bring back any disease from the moon.





Man's footprints are on the moon.

